

한국어 몰라도 한국 여행 갈 수 있다!

KOREAN PHRASEBOOK FOR TRAVELERS

written by TalkToMeInKorean

Your passport
to an enjoyable
stay in Korea



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Introduction

When traveling to a foreign country with a different language, whether for business or vacation, it is not necessary to be fluent in that language or have perfect pronunciation. However, learning a few phrases in the local language, or carrying around a phrase book and knowing how to pronounce words as accurately as possible, does pay off and will greatly impress people with whom you are talking. Being able to communicate will make you feel more comfortable and at ease during your trip.

This book is designed for those traveling to Korea who find themselves wanting or needing to speak Korean without taking an expensive language course, having to download an expensive computer program, or download hundreds upon hundreds of audio files. Divided into sections by location and situation, Korean Phrasebook For Travelers covers nearly every situation which a traveler may encounter. Each word or phrase is written in Hangeul (the Korean written language) with a “romanization” (use of Roman characters to help with the pronunciation of Hangeul), and an English translation. The romanizations in this particular book have been modified from the “official romanization” system to better suit English speakers, and illustrations have been added to assist you in circumstances when communication has proven to be difficult.

Korean Phrasebook For Travelers is practical, informative, concise, and the perfect size to pack in your bag on your next trip to Korea.

Related phrases:

Sample phrases you may need to say or listen for in a certain situation.

Related phrases:



Where can I rent a car?

렌트카 어디서 빌려요?

Rehn-teu-kah aw-dee-saw beel-lyuh-yo?

Replaceable words:

The part(s) of speech that are marked with an underline mean you can replace it with a word that applies to your specific situation.

Is there a convenience store near here?

이 주변에 편의점 있어요?

Ee joo-byuh-neh pyuh-nee-jawm ee-ssaw-yo?

Other possibilities:

Other possibilities:

There are thousands of words that can be used as “replaceable words”, but we have provided you with some of the most common words to use in a given situation. If you find you are having trouble being understood, simply show the illustration to a native speaker.



supermarket

대형 마트

deh-hyuhng mah-teu



grocery store

큰 슈퍼(마켓)

keun shyou-pawl(-mah-keht)



corner shop

슈퍼(마켓)

shyou-pawl(-mah-keht)



stream

계곡

gyeh-gok



sea

바다

bah-dah



Is this the train going towards **Gangnam Station**?

이거 **강남역** 가는 열차 맞아요?

No. It is heading in the opposite direction.

아니요. 반대 방향이에요.

Ee-gaw **gahng-nahm-nyuhk** gah-neun
yuhl-chah mah-jah-yo?

Ah-nee-yo. Bahn-deh bahng-hyahng-ee-eh-yo.

Sample dialogues:

Sample dialogues are often provided with an illustration of the situation.

Romanizations:

The romanizations in this particular book have been modified specifically for English speakers. They differ from the “official romanization” guide.

Related terms:

Words you may see or hear at a certain place are also provided with detailed illustrations.

Related terms:



Toner
스킨/토너
seu-keen/to-naw



Essence
에센스
eh-ssehn-seu



Moisturizer
수분크림
soo-boon-keu-reem



Serum
세럼
seh-rawm



Sunscreen
선크림
ssawn-keu-reem



Eye cream
아이크림
ah-ee-keu-reem



Foundation
파운데이션
pah-woon-day-ee-shyuhn



Makeup base
메이크업 베이스
may-ee-keu-awp bay-ee-seu



Primer
프라이머
peu-rah-ee-maw

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BASIC PHRASES

1. Greetings

Hello.

안녕하세요.

Ahn-nyuhng-hah-seh-yo.

Goodbye.

안녕히 계세요. (When you are the person leaving and the other person stays)

Ahn-nyuhng-hee gyeh-seh-yo.

안녕히 가세요. (When the other person leaves and you stay, or when both of you leave at the same time)

Ahn-nyuhng-hee gah-seh-yo.

Thank you.

감사합니다.

Gahm-sah-hahm-nee-dah.

I am sorry.

죄송합니다.

Jweh-song-hahm-nee-dah.



2. Talking to a stranger

Yes.

네.
Neh.

No.

아니요.
Ah-nee-yo.

Excuse me.

저기요. (when trying to get someone's attention)

Jaw-gee-yo.

잠시만요. (when moving/squeezing between people)

Jahm-shee-mahn-nyo.

Where am I? (on the map)

Where is it? (while pointing to a map)

여기가 어디예요?

Yuh-gee-gah aw-dee-yeh-yo?

Where is...?

...어디에 있어요?

...aw-dee-ay ee-ssaw-yo?

How can I get to...?

...어떻게 가요?

...aw-ddaw-keh gah-yo?



3. Shopping

**Do you have ...?
Is there ...?**

...있어요?
...ee-ssaw-yo?

What is this?

이게 뭐예요?
Ee-geh mwo-yeh-yo?

How much is this?

이거 얼마예요?
Ee-gaw awl-mah-yeh-yo?

I will have this one.

이거 하나 주세요.
Ee-gaw hah-nah joo-seh-yo.

Is it free of charge?

무료예요?
Moo-ryo-yeh-yo?
공짜예요?
Gong-jja-yeh-yo?



What is this made of?

이거 뭘로 만들었어요?
Ee-gaw mwol-lo mahn-deu-raw-ssaw-yo?

4. Introducing yourself

What is your name?

이름이 뭐예요?

Ee-reu-mee mwo-yeh-yo?

My name is ...

제 이름은...이에요.

Jeh ee-reu-meun ... ee-eh-yo.

Where are you from?

어느 나라 사람이예요?

Aw-neu nah-rah sah-rah-mee-eh-yo?

I am from ...

저는...사람이에요.

Jaw-neun ... sah-rah-mee-eh-yo.





USA
미국
mee-gook



Taiwan
대만
deh-mahn



Hong Kong
홍콩
hong-kong



Canada
캐나다
keh-nah-dah



China
중국
joong-gook



Philippines
필리핀
peel-lee-peen



UK
영국
yuhng-gook



Russia
러시아
raw-shee-ah



Singapore
싱가포르
seeng-gah-po-reu



France
프랑스
peu-rahng-sseu



Germany
독일
do-geel



Malaysia
말레이시아
mahl-lay-ee-shee-ah



Japan
일본
eel-bon



New Zealand
뉴질랜드
nyou-jeel-lehn-deu



Turkey
터키
taw-kee



Australia
호주
ho-joo

Cultural tip: When introducing yourself to a Korean person, you may be asked some very private questions, especially if that person is over 40 years old. They may ask your age, birth year, your blood type, or marital status, so if you are asked, try your best not to be offended or become defensive.

AT THE AIRPORT

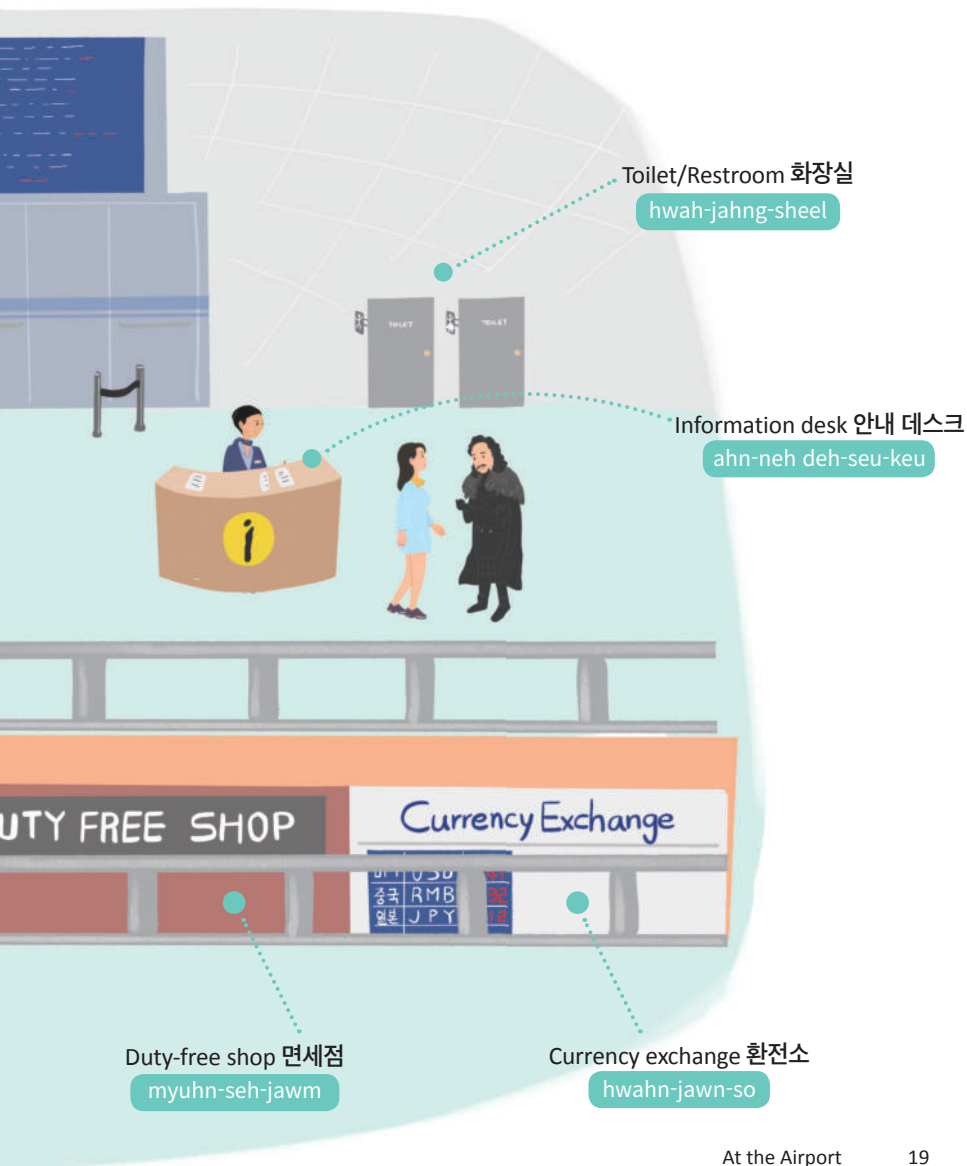
You will probably encounter more people who speak English at the airport than at any other place in Korea. Should you need to speak to someone in Korean, the following are essential words and phrases to help you get to where you need to go.

Self check-in kiosk 무인 발권기
moo-een bahl-ggwon-gee

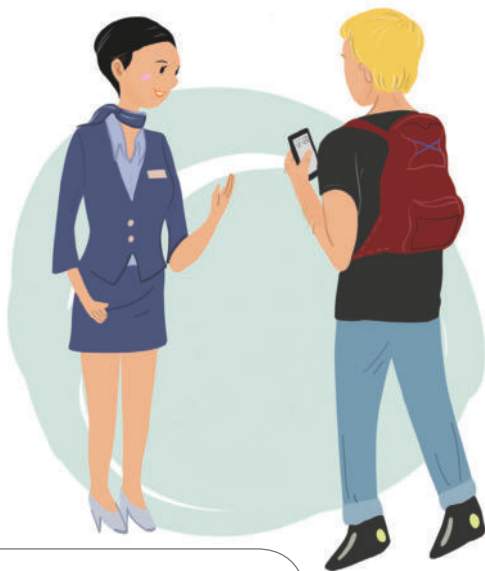
Security checkpoint 국제선 탑승구
gook-jjeh-sawn tahp-sseung-goo

Check-in counter 체크인 카운터
ch eh-keu-een kah-woon-taw

Pharmacy 약국
yahk-ggook



1. Departures



Where can I exchange some currency?

환전 어디서 해요?

Please go to the 3rd floor.

3층으로 가시면 돼요.

Hwahn-jawn aw-dee-saw heh-yo?



Please refer to page 197
for building floor numbers.

Sahm-cheung-eu-ro gah-shee-
myuhn dweh-yo.

Other possibilities:



Check-in
체크인

cheh-keu-een



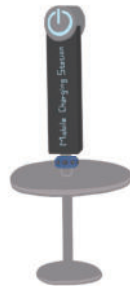
Immigration
출국 심사

chool-gook sheem-sah



Transfer
환승

hwahn-seung



Phone charging station
휴대폰 충전

hyou-deh-pon choong-jawn

Related phrases:



Where can I buy souvenirs/duty-free goods?

기념품/면세품 어디서 살 수 있어요?

Gee-nyuhm-poom/myuhn-seh-poom aw-dee-saw sahl soo ee-saw-yo?



What is the gate number for this flight?

이 비행기는 몇 번 게이트에서 탑승해요?

Ee bee-hehng-gee-neun myuht bbawn gay-ee-teu-eh-saw tahp-sseung-heh-yo?



How long has it been delayed?

얼마나 지연됐어요?

Awl-mah-nah jee-yuhn-dweh-ssaw-yo?



The flight number I am taking is not on the screen.

제가 타는 비행기 편명이 전광판에 없어요.

Jeh-gah tah-neun bee-hehng-gee pyuhn-myuhng-ee jawn-gwahng-pah-neh awp-ssaw-yo.

2. Arrivals



Where are the restaurants?

식당 어디에 있어요?

They are over there.

저쪽에 있어요

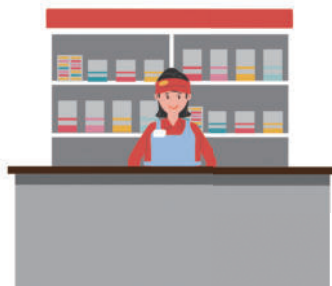
Sheek-ddahng aw-dee-ay ee-ssaw-yo?

Jaw-jjo-gay ee-saw-yo.

Other possibilities:



Café
카페
kah-peh



Convenience store
편의점
pyuh-nee-jawm



Bus stop
버스 정류장
baw-sseu jawng-ryou-jahng



Subway station
지하철역
jee-hah-chawl-lyuhk



Taxi stand
택시 정류장

tehk-shee jawng-nyou-jahng



Medical center
공항의료센터

gong-hahng-eu-ryo-ssehn-teo



Gate lounge for domestic flights
국내선 탑승동

goong-neh-sawn tahp-sseung-dong



Luggage storage facility
수하물 보관소

soo-hah-mool bo-gwahn-so



Tourist information center
관광 안내소

gwahn-gwahng ahn-neh-so



Smoking room
흡연실

heu-byuhn-sheel

Where can I take an express bus?

리무진 버스 어디서 타요?

You will see the bus stop if you go out gate 11.

11번 게이트로 나가시면 있어요.

Lee-moo-jeen baw-sseu aw-dee-saw

tah-yo?

Shee-beel-bawn gay-ee-teu-ro nah-gah-shee-
myuhn ee-ssaw-yo.



Other possibilities:



Taxi
택시

tehk-shee



Subway
지하철

jee-hah-chawl



Airport railroad express
공항철도

gong-hahang-chawl-ddo



Domestic flight
국내선

goong-neh-sawn



International flight
국제선

gook-jjeh-sawn



Bus bound for Gimpo Airport
김포 공항 가는 버스

geem-po gong-hahng gah-neun baw-sseu

Related phrases:



Where can I rent a car?

렌트카 어디서 빌려요?

Rehn-teu-kah aw-dee-saw beel-lyuh-yo?



Where can I pick up my luggage?

짐 어디서 찾아요?

Jeem aw-dee-saw chah-jah-yo?



Where can I buy a SIM card?

심카드 어디서 살 수 있어요?

Seem-kah-deu aw-dee-saw sahl soo ee-ssaw-yo?



My luggage isn't here yet.

제 짐이 아직 안 나왔어요.

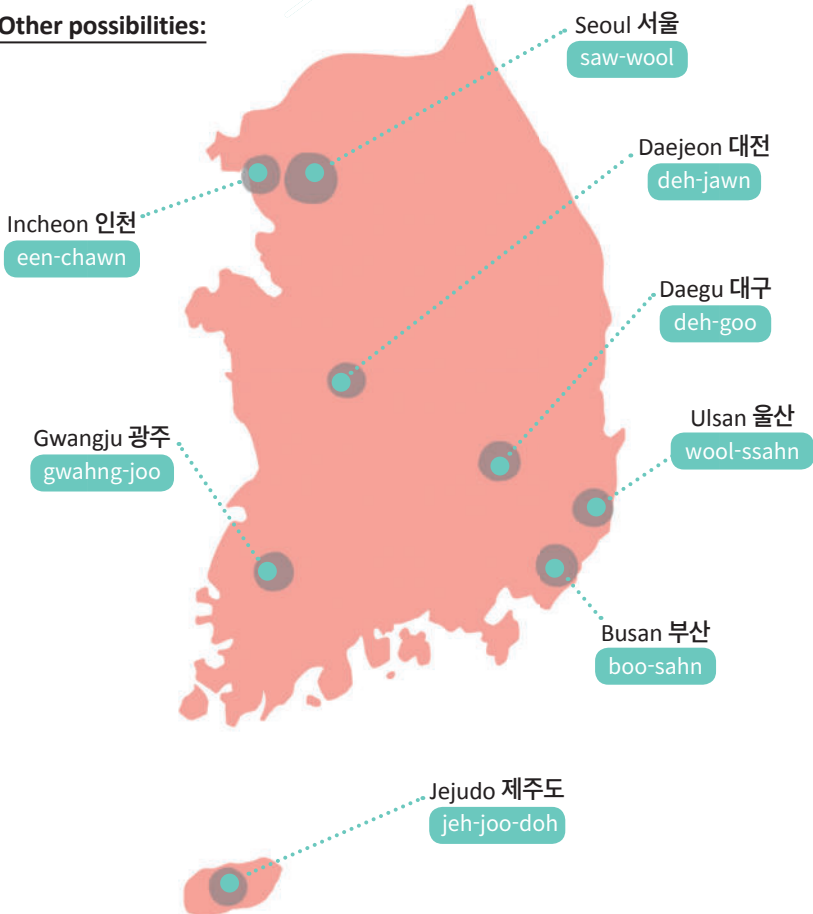
Jeh jee-mee ah-jeek ahn nah-wah-ssaw-yo.

How can I go to Daejeon from here?

여기서 대전 어떻게 가요?

Yuh-gee-saw deh-jawn aw-ddaw-keh gah-yo?

Other possibilities:





Please refer to page 154 for more detailed information about popular areas in Seoul.

GETTING AROUND

1. Taking the subway



Is this the train going towards Gangnam Station?

이거 강남역 가는 열차 맞아요?

No. It is heading in the opposite direction.

아니요 반대 방향이에요.

Ee-gaw gahng-nahm-nyuhk gah-neun
yuhl-chah mah-jah-yo?

Ah-nee-yo. Bahn-deh bahng-hyahng-ee-eh-yo.

You should transfer at Samgakji Station to line #6.

삼각지역에서 6호선으로 갈아 타세요.

Sahm-gahk-jjee-yuh-geh-saw you-ko-saw-neu-ro gah-rah tah-seh-yo.

Other possibilities:



Line 1

1호선

ee-ro-sawn



Line 2

2호선

ee-ho-sawn



Line 3

3호선

sah-mo-sawn



Line 4

4호선

sah-ho-sawn



Line 5

5호선

o-ho-sawn



Line 6

6호선

you-ko-sawn



Line 7

7호선

chee-ro-sawn



Line 8

8호선

pah-ro-sawn



Line 9

9호선

goo-ho-sawn



Please refer to page 203 for subway station names.

Which exit do I need to go out of if I want to go to Ewha Womans University?

이화여대 가려면 몇 번 출구로 나가야 돼요?

You should go out exit 2 or 3.

2번이나 3번 출구로 나가시면 돼요.

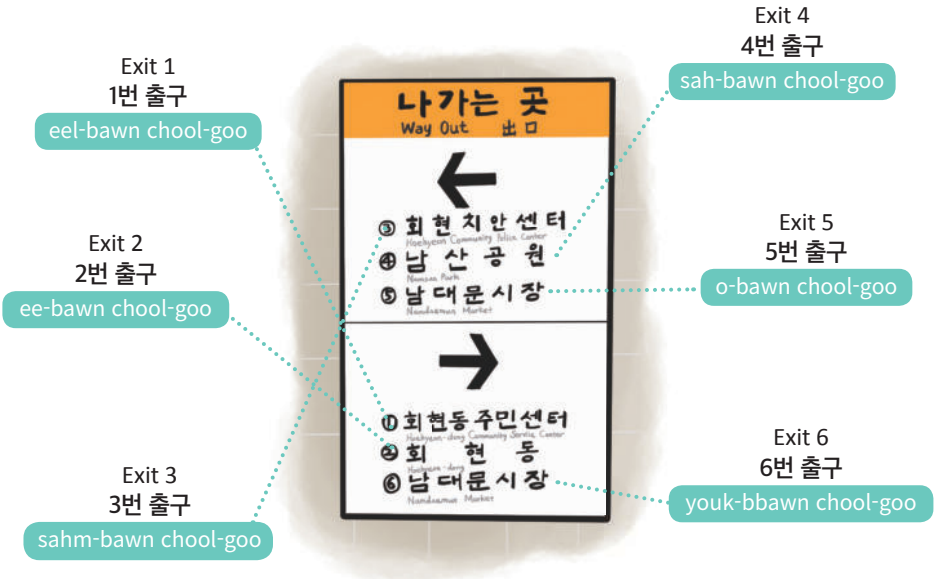
Ee-hwah-yuh-deh gah-ryuh-myuhn myuht bbawn
chool-goo-ro nah-gah-ya dweh-yo?

Ee-baw-nee-nah Sahm-bawn chool-goo-ro

nah-gah-shee-myuhn dweh-yo.



Other possibilities:



Exit 7 7번 출구 cheel-bawn choo-goo	Exit 8 8번 출구 pahl-bawn choo- goo	Exit 9 9번 출구 goo-bawn choo- goo	Exit 10 10번 출구 sheep-bawn choo-goo
Exit 11 11번 출구 shee-beel-bawn choo-goo	Exit 12 12번 출구 shee-bee-bawn choo-goo	Exit 13 13번 출구 sheep-ssahm- bawn choo-goo	Exit 14 14번 출구 sheep-ssah-bawn choo-goo

2. Taking a bus



Does this bus go to Rodeo Street in Apgujeong?

이 버스 압구정 로데오 거리 가요?

Yes, please get on.

네, 타세요.

Ee baw-sseu ahp-ggoo-jawng ro-deh-o gaw-ree gah-yo?

Neh. Tah-seh-yo.

Related phrases:



Is this Garosugil?

This place is Garosugil, right?

여기 가로수길 맞아요?

Yuh-gee gah-ro-soo-ggeel mah-jah-yo?



How much is the fare?

얼마예요?

Awl-mah-yeh-yo?



Let me get off!

내릴게요!

Neh-reel-ggeh-yo!



Where should I take the bus to the War Memorial of Korea?

전쟁기념관 가는 버스 어디서 타요?

Jawn-jehng-gee-nyuhm-gwahn gah-neun baw-sseu aw-dee-saw tah-yo?



* If you transfer to another bus or subway, you need to swipe your transportation card when you get off the bus. Even if you don't transfer, it is safer to swipe your transportation card when you get off because some buses charge differently by distance.

3. On the street



Excuse me, where is Namdaemun market?
저기요. 남대문 시장 어디 있어요?

You will find it if you go straight and turn left.
쪽 가시다가 왼쪽으로 가시면 돼요.

Jaw-gee-yo. Nahm-deh-moon shee-
jahng aw-dee ee-ssaw-yo?

Jjook gah-shee-dah-gah wehn-jjo-geu-ro gah-
shee-myuhn dweh-yo.

Related phrases:



Where are we (on the map)?

(Please let me know where we are on this map.)

지금 여기가 어디예요?

Jee-geum yuh-gee-gah aw-dee-yeh-yo?



Excuse me, could you please take a picture of us?

저기 죄송한데, 저희 사진 한 장만 찍어 주세요.

Jaw-gee jweh-song-hahn-deh, jah-hee sah-jeen hahn jahng-mahn
jje-gaw joo-seh-yo.

Related terms:



This way

이쪽

ee-jjok



That way over there

저쪽

jaw-jjok



That way where you are

그쪽

geu-jjok



Left
왼쪽
wehn-jjok



Right
오른쪽
o-reun-jjok

4. Taking a taxi

People who are not fluent in Korean often complain that it is difficult to communicate with taxi drivers in Korea. It is probably best to show the driver an exact address since all taxis have GPS. By using the “Kakao Taxi” application, you can submit a trip request in advance so the driver will already know your destination before you get in the car.

Related phrases:

BEFORE YOU GET IN A TAXI



Do you go to Myeongdong?

명동 가요?

Myuhng-dong gah-yo?



Sometimes you need to ask whether or not the driver will take you to your destination before you get in the car. When a driver lowers the window, you may ask this question.

WHEN YOU ARE IN A TAXI



Please take me to this place.

(while pointing out your destination on a map or showing the driver the address)

여기로 가 주세요.

Yuh-gee-ro gah joo-seh-yo.



Please take me to Hongik University Station.

홍대입구역 가 주세요.

Hong-day-eeep-ggoo-yuhk gah joo-seh-yo.



Main gate of Hongik University, please.

홍대 정문이요.

Hong-deh jawng-moo-nee-yo.



It is next to Gangnam Post Office.

강남우체국 옆에 있어요.

Gahng-nah-moo-cheh-gook yuh-peh ee-ssaw-yo.



I will pay with a transportation card.

교통카드로 할게요.

Gyo-tong-kah-deu-ro hahl-ggeh-yo.



You can pay for a taxi ride with cash or a credit card. However as of December 2016, only Seoul taxis will additionally take transportation cards.

Please make a right here.

여기서 우회전이요.

Yuh-gee-saw woo-hweh-jawn-ee-yo.

Other possibilities:



Left turn
좌회전

jwah-hweh-jawn



Go straight
직진

jeek-jjeen



Right turn
우회전

woo-hweh-jawn

Do you want me to drop you off here?

여기서 세워 드릴까요?

Yes. Let me out here, please.

네. 여기서 세워 주세요.

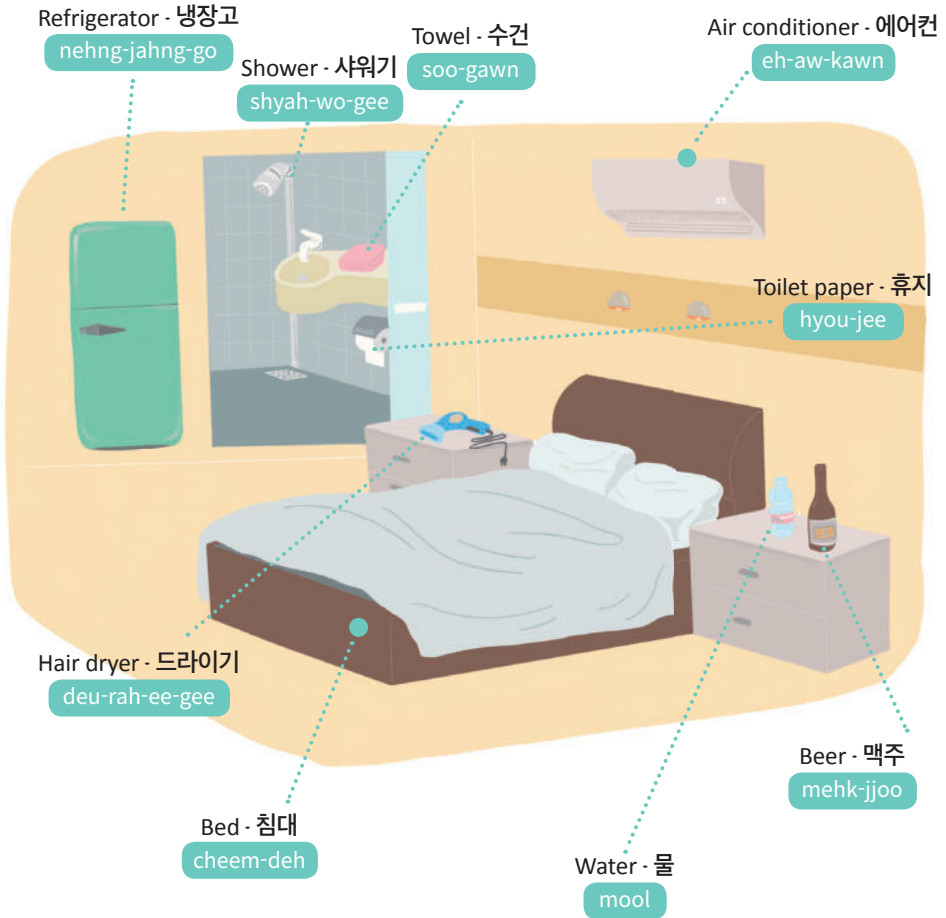
Yuh-gee-saw seh-wo deu-reel-ggah-yo?

Neh. Yuh-gee-saw seh-wo joo-seh-yo.



ACCOMMODATIONS

1. At a hotel



Where do I have breakfast?

아침 식사는 어디서 해요?

Breakfast is available on the 2nd floor from 6 AM to 9 AM.

6시부터 9시까지고요. 2층으로 가시면 됩니다.

Ah-cheem sheek-ssah-neun

aw-dee-saw heh-yo?

Yuh-sawt-shee-boo-taw ah-hop-shee-ggah-jee-go-yo.

Ee-cheung-eu-ro gah-shee-myuhn dwehm-nee-dah.



 Please refer to page 194 for telling time, and page 197 for building floor numbers.

There is no toilet paper in my room. Would you please bring me some?

방에 휴지 없어요. 방으로 가져다 주세요.

Bahng-eh hyou-jee awp-ssaw-yo. bahng-eu-ro gah-jyuh-dah joo-seh-yo.

Other possibilities:



Toothbrush

칫솔

cheet-ssol



Toothpaste

치약

chee-yahk



Shampoo

샴푸

shyahm-poo



Soap

비누

bee-noo



Towel

수건

soo-gawn



Cup/Glass

컵

kawp



Wine glass

와인 잔

wah-eeen jahn



Fork

포크

po-keu

Knife

나이프

nah-ee-peu



Ice cubes

얼음

aw-reum

The shower is broken.

샤워기 고장 났어요.

Shyah-wo-gee go-jahng na-ssaw-yo.

Other possibilities:



Hair dryer
드라이기

deu-rah-ee-gee



TV
티비

tee-bee



Refrigerator
냉장고

nehng-jahng-go



Computer
컴퓨터

kawm-pyou-taw



Air conditioner
에어컨

eh-aw-kawn

Related phrases:



Please wake me up at 6 AM.

아침 6시에 깨워 주세요.

Ah-cheem yuh-sawt-shee-eh ggeh-wo joo-seh-yo.



Is breakfast included?

아침 식사 포함이에요?

Ah-cheem sheek-ssah po-hah-mee-eh-yo?



I can smell cigarette smoke in my room.

방에서 담배 냄새 나요.

Bahng-eh-saw dahm-beh nehm-seh nah-yo.



I would like to change my room.

방 바꿔 주세요.

Bahng bah-ggwo joo-seh-yo.



The room is too small/hot/cold/noisy.

방이 너무 작아요/더워요/추워요/시끄러워요.

Bahng-ee naw-moo jah-gah-yo/daw-wo-yo/choo-wo-yo/shee-ggeu-raw-wo-yo.



Can I leave my bag here?

가방 맡길 수 있어요?

Gah-bahng maht-ggeel soo ee-ssaw-yo?



Could I borrow a multi adaptor/cell phone charger?

혹시 멀티 어댑터/핸드폰 충전기 빌릴 수 있을까요?

Hok-shee mawl-tee aw-dehp-taw/hehn-deu-pon choong-jawn-gee beel-leel soo ee-sseul-ggah-yo?



Could I extend my stay?

숙박 기간 연장할 수 있을까요?

Sook-bbakh gee-gahn yuhn-jahng-hahl soo ee-sseul-ggah-yo?

2. At a guesthouse



What time is check-out?
체크아웃 시간이 언제예요?

At 11 AM.
11시요.

Cheh-keu-ah-woot shee-gah-nee
awn-jeh-yeh-yo?

Yuh-rah-n-shee-yo.



Please refer to page 194
for telling time.

Related phrases:



I will be there around 5 o'clock to check in.

체크인 하러 5시쯤에 갈게요..

Cheh-keu-een hah-raw dah-sawt-shee-jjeu-meh gahl-ggeh-yo.



How can I get to the guest house from the airport?

공항에서 게스트하우스까지 어떻게 가요?

Gong-hahng-eh-saw geh-seu-teu-hah-woo-sseu-ggah-jee aw-ddaw-keh gah-yo?



Please refrain from going in and out/taking a shower after 11PM.

밤 11시 이후에는 출입을/샤워를 삼가 주세요.

Bahm yuh-rahn-shee ee-hoo-eh-neun choo-ree-beul/shyah-wo-reul sahm-gah joo-seh-yo.

Is there a convenience store near here?

이 주변에 편의점 있어요?

Ee joo-byuh-neh pyuh-nee-jawm ee-ssaw-yo?

Other possibilities:



supermarket
대형 마트

deh-hyuhng mah-teu



grocery store
큰 슈퍼(마켓)

keun shyou-paw(-mah-keht)



corner shop
슈퍼(마켓)

shyou-paw(-mah-keht)



stream
계곡

gyeh-gok



sea
바다

bah-dah

Are there any single rooms available from July 31st to August 2nd?
7월 31일부터 8월 2일까지 1인실 방 있어요?

Sorry. I am afraid not.
죄송합니다. 빈 방이 없습니다.

**Chee-rwol sahm-shee-bee-reel-boo-taw pah-rwol ee-eel-ggah-
jee ee-reen-sheel bahng ee-saw-yo?**

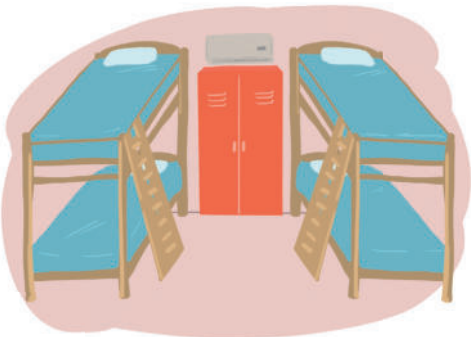
Jweh-song-hahm-nee-dah. Been bahng-ee
awp-sseum-nee-dah.

Other possibilities:



Two-person room
2인실
ee-reen-sheel

Dormitory
도미토리
do-mee-to-ree



Double room
더블 침대 있는
daw-beul cheem-deh een-neun



Twin room
싱글 침대 두 개 있는
sseeng-geul cheem-deh doo geh een-neun



If you need to book a room in Korea,
it is better to book your reservation
via text or email.



Please refer to page 192
for writing and pronouncing the date.

EATING!

Related phrases:



Does this food have meat in it?

이 음식에 고기 들어가 있나요?

Ee eum-shee-geh go-gee deu-raw-gah een-nah-yo?



No onions, please.

양파 빼고 주세요.

Yahng-pah bbeh-go joo-seh-yo.



I am allergic to nuts.

견과류 알레르기가 있어요.

Gyuhn-gwah-ryou ahl-leh-reu-gee-gah ee-ssaw-yo.



I don't eat pork.

저는 돼지고기 안 먹어요.

Jaw-neun dweh-jee-go-gee ahn maw-gaw-yo.

Other possibilities:



Milk
우유

woo-you



Egg
계란

gyeh-rahn



Peanuts
땅콩

ddahng-kong



Flour
밀가루

meel-ggah-roo



Seafood
해산물

heh-sahn-mool



Fish
생선

sehng-sawn



Cucumber
오이

o-ee



Eggplant
가지

gah-jee



Peach
복숭아

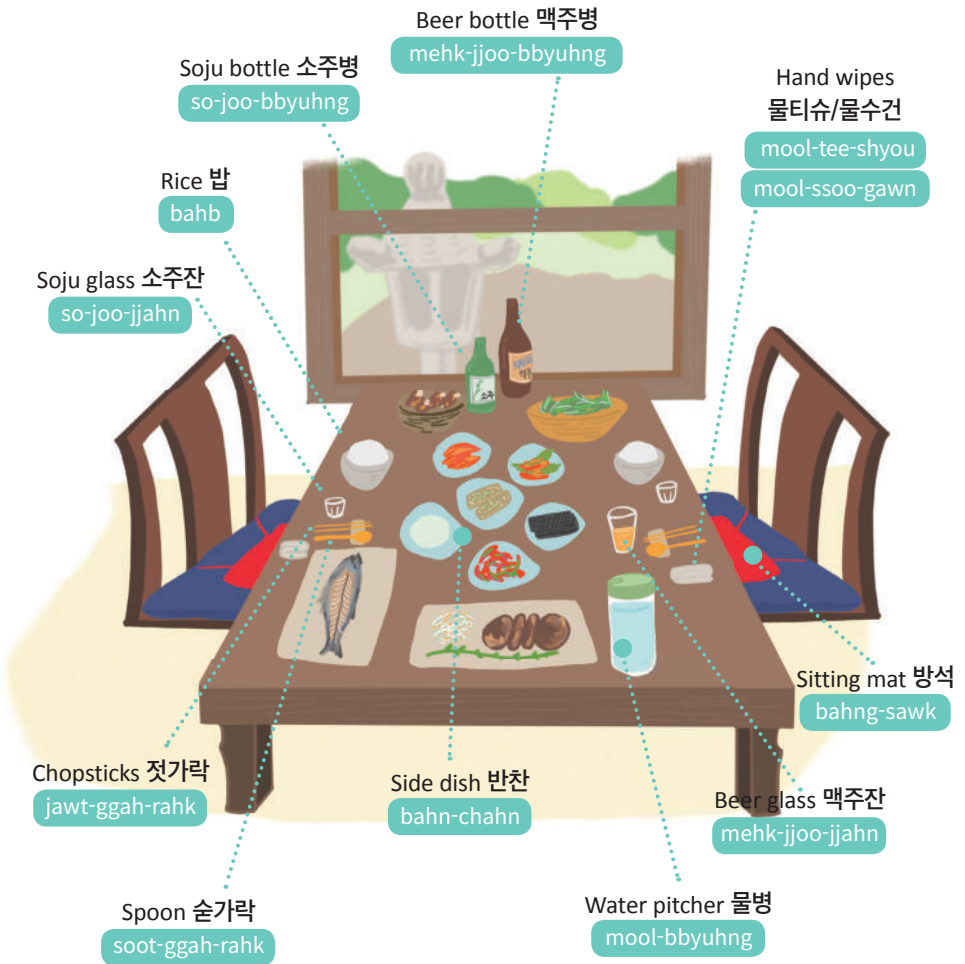
bok-ssoonng-ah



Apple
사과

sah-gwah

1. At a typical Korean restaurant



How many are you?
몇 분이세요?

There are three of us.
세 명이요.

Myuht bboo-nee-seh-yo?

Seh myuhng-ee-yo.



If nobody asks how many are in your group,
you can generally just sit anywhere you want.

Other possibilities:

Counter for people: 명 myuhng



1 person
한 명
hahn myuhng



2 people
두 명
doo myuhng



3 people
세 명
seh myuhng



4 people
네 명
neh myuhng



5 people
다섯 명
dah-sawn myuhng



6 people
여섯 명
yuh-sawn myuhng



7 people
일곱 명
eel-gom myuhng

8 people
여덟 명
yuh-dawl myuhng

9 people
아홉 명
ah-hom myuhng

10 people
열 명
yuhl myuhng

Would you like to sit in a room?

방으로 가실래요?

No thanks. We are going to sit (at a table in the hall) here.

아니요. 여기 앉을게요.

Bahng-eu-ro gah-sheel-leh-yo?

Ah-nee-yo. Yuh-gee ahn-jeul-ggeh-yo.





Would you like to order?
주문하시겠어요?

One mul-naengmyeon and one bibim-naengmyeon, please.
물냉면 하나, 비빔냉면 하나 주세요.

Joo-moo-nah-shee-geh-ssaw-yo?

Mool-lehng-myuhn hah-nah, bee-beem-nehng-myuhn hah-nah joo-seh-yo.

Other possibilities:



1 item
하나 / 한 개
hah-nah / hahn geh



2 items
두 개
doo geh



3 items
세 개
seh geh



4 items
네 개
neh geh



5 items
다섯 개
dah-sawt ggeh



6 items
여섯 개
yuh-sawt ggeh



7 items
일곱 개
eel-gop ggeh



8 items
여덟 개
yuh-dawl ggeh



9 items
아홉 개
ah-hop ggeh



10 items
열 개
yuhl ggeh

Typically, the counter “-개” is used with food served on individual plates, whereas “-인분” is used with food for multiple people served on a single plate or in a pot.



Ten servings
10인분

shee-been-boon



One serving
1인분

ee-reen-boon

Two servings

2인분

ee-een-boon

Three servings

3인분

sah-meen-boon

Four servings

4인분

sah-een-boon

Five servings

5인분

o-een-boon

Six servings

6인분

you-geen-boon

Seven servings

7인분

chee-reen-boon

Eight servings

8인분

pah-reen-boon

Nine servings

9인분

goo-een-boon

Noodles

면 myuhn



Cold noodles in chilled broth
물냉면

mool-lehng-myuhn



Cold spicy mixed noodles
비빔냉면

bee-beem-nehng-myuhn



Cold buckwheat noodles
냉모밀

nehng-mo-meel



Hand torn noodle soup
수제비

soo-jeh-bee



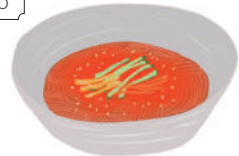
Knife cut noodle soup
칼국수

kahl-gook-ssoo



Warm noodle soup/Feast noodles
잔치국수

jahn-chee-gook-ssoo



Spicy mixed noodles
비빔국수

bee-beem-gook-ssoo

Korean Stew

찌개 jjee-geh



After the Korean War ended, people who lived near the US Army base began making a stew from canned American food. 부대 means “army base”, so this is how the stew got its name. Now it is a very popular dish!



Kimchi stew
김치찌개

geem-chee-jjee-geh



Soybean paste stew
된장찌개

dwehn-jahng-jjee-geh



Army base stew
부대찌개

boo-deh-jjee-geh

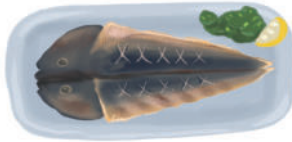


Spicy soft tofu stew
순두부찌개

soon-doo-boo-jjee-geh

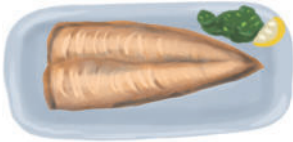
Grilled Fish

생선 구이 sehng-sawn goo-ee



Grilled mackerel
고등어구이

go-deung-aw-goo-ee



Grilled Japanese Spanish mackerel

삼치구이

sahm-chee-goo-ee



Grilled hairtail fish

갈치구이

gahl-chee-goo-ee

Pork Dishes

돼지고기 요리 dweh-jee-go-gee yo-ree



Spicy stir-fried pork
제육볶음

jeh-youk-bo-ggeum



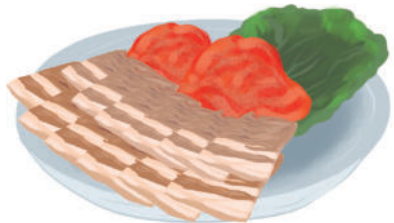
Bulgogi hot pot stew
뚝배기불고기

ddook-bbeh-gee-bool-go-gee



Seasoned pork with rice
돼지불백

dweh-jee-bool-behk



Boiled pork wrap
보쌈

bo-ssahm



Seasoned & steamed pork feet
족발

jok-bbahl

Chicken
Dishes

닭 요리 dahk yo-ree



Braised chicken with vegetables

찜닭

jjeem-dahk



Chicken soup with ginseng

삼계탕

sahm-gyeh-tahng



Spicy stir-fried chicken with vegetables

닭갈비

dahk-ggahl-bee



Plain/Spicy sauce fried chicken

후라이드/양념 치킨

hoo-rah-ee-deu/yahng-nyuhm chee-keen

**Braised
Dishes**

찜 요리 jjeem yo-ree



Braised assorted seafood
해물찜

heh-mool-jjeem



Braised monkfish
아귀찜

ah-gwee-jjeem



Braised short ribs
갈비찜

gahl-bee-jjeem

Bibimbap

비빔밥 bee-beem-bbahb



Mixed rice with assorted vegetables

야채비빔밥

yah-cheh-bee-beem-bbahb



Mixed rice with meat and assorted
vegetables in a hot stone bowl

돌솥비빔밥

dol-sot-bee-beem-bbahb



Mixed rice with beef tartare and
assorted vegetables

육회비빔밥

you-khweh-bee-beem-bbahb

Soup

탕 tahng



Spicy seafood soup

해물탕

heh-mool-tahng



Ox bone soup

곰탕

gom-tahng



Beef short ribs soup

갈비탕

gahl-bee-tahng



Ox leg bone soup

설렁탕

sawl-lawng-tahng



Pork bone and potato soup

감자탕

gahm-jah-tahng


탕 refers to seasoned meat, fish, and/or vegetables boiled in water to create a delicious soup.

2. At a Korean barbecue restaurant

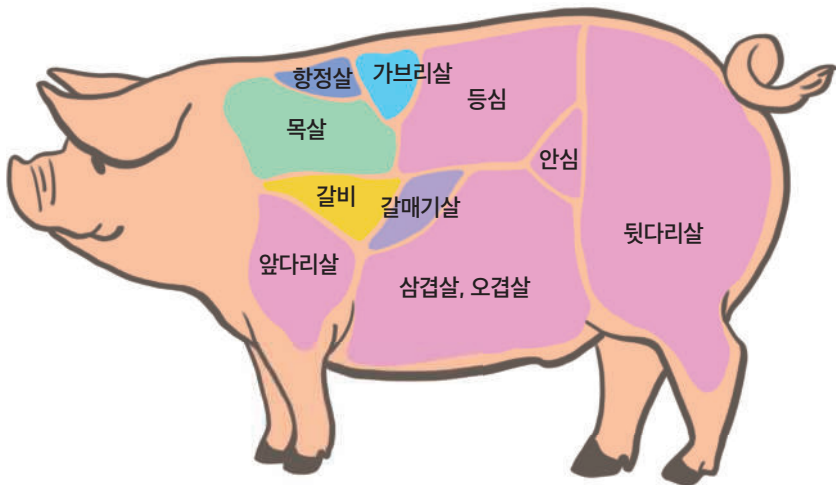
We will have two more servings of samgyeopsal please!

삼겹살 2인분 더 주세요!

Sam-gyuhp-ssahl ee-eeen-boon daw joo-seh-yo!

 Samgyeopsal is three layer pork belly.
It is high in fat and low in protein.

Other possibilities:



Please refer to page 67
for counting food portions.



Pork neck · 목살

mok-ssahl

Fat and meat are well balanced.



Skirt steak · 갈매기살

gahl-meh-gee-ssahl

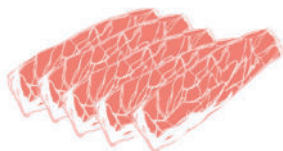
It is similar to thin skirt steak; tender and juicy.



Pork neck · 항정살

hahng-jawng-ssahl

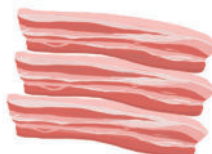
Fat is spread out evenly, so it is tender



Pork cheek · 가브리살

gah-beu-ree-ssahl

A relatively lean, yet a very moist meat with a lot of connective tissue and collagen.



Ogyeopsal · 오겹살

o-gyuhp-ssahl

Five layer pork belly (the same as samgyeopsal, just more layers!)

Water and side dishes are self-serve.

물이랑 반찬은 셀프입니다.

Moo-ree-rahng bahn-chah-neun sehl-peu-eem-nee-dah.

May I eat now?
이제 먹어도 돼요?

Yes. You may now eat.
네. 이제 드셔도 됩니다.

Ee-jeh maw-gaw-do dweh-yo?

Neh. Ee-jeh deu-shyuh-do dwehm-nee-dah.



In Korean restaurants, you often see food being cooked in a pot or on a grill at the table where you sit. A waiter/waitress will cook it for you, and when the food is ready to be eaten, he/she will let you know. If the restaurant is too busy and the waiter/waitress forgets to take care of your food, and you do not know what to do, just ask one of the waiters/waitresses if the food is ready by saying, “이제 먹어도 돼요?” [Ee-jeh maw-gaw-do dweh-yo?]

3. At a Korean fast food restaurant



Squid fritters

오징어 튀김

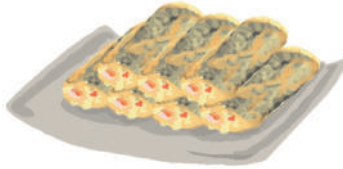
o-jeeng-aw twee-geem



Sweet potato fritters

고구마 튀김

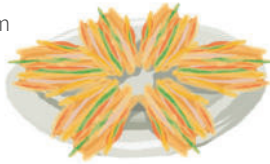
go-goo-mah twee-geem



Sautéed glass noodles with vegetables wrapped in seaweed and fried

김말이 튀김

geem-mah-ree twee-geem



Vegetable fritters

야채 튀김

yah-cheh twee-geem



Spicy green pepper fritters

고추 튀김

go-choo twee-geem



Fishcake

오뎅/어묵

o-dehng/aw-mook



Shrimp fritters

새우 튀김

seh-woo twee-geem

Fritters

튀김 twee-geem

**Korean
fast food**

분식 boon-sheek

분

분식 originally means "flour-based food", but people nowadays think of 분식 as whatever you can find in a Korean fast food restaurant or a street vendor.



Spicy rice cakes

떡볶이

ddawk-bbo-ggee



Spicy rice cakes with
instant noodles

라볶이

lah-bbo-ggee



Blood sausage

순대

soon-deh



Seaweed rice rolls

김밥 geem-bbahb



Cheese seaweed rice rolls

치즈 김밥

chee-jeu geem-bbahb



Tuna seaweed rice rolls

참치 김밥

chahm-chee geem-bbahb

**Instant
noodles**

Instant noodles, the type that comes in a plastic package or a styrofoam cup, are commonly known as “ramen” in English. The English pronunciation of “ramen” [rah-mehn] is borrowed directly from the Japanese pronunciation, so please take special note of the Korean pronunciation of “ramen”. If you say “ramen” as you would in English, native Korean speakers may think you want Japanese-style ramen. If you want Korean-style ramen, please remember to pronounce it as “lah-myuhn”.

라면 lah-myuhn



Cheese ramyeon
치즈 라면
chee-jeu lah-myuhn



Kimchi ramyeon
김치 라면
geem-chee lah-myuhn



Seafood ramyeon
해물 라면
heh-mool lah-myuhn



Rice cake ramyeon
떡 라면
ddawng lah-myuhn

4. At a food court



Do I order here?
주문 여기서 해요?

Yes. When the number on your ticket appears on the screen, please go get your food from the counter.
네. 여기서 하시고 번호표에 있는 번호가 전광판에 뜨면 가서 받으시면 돼요.

Joo-moon yuh-gee-saw heh-yo?

Neh. Yuh-gee-saw hah-shee-go baw-no-pyo-ay een-neun baw-no-gah jawn-gwahng-pah-neh ddeu-myuhn gah-saw bah-deu-shee-myuhn dweh-yo.

Related terms:



Menu
메뉴

meh-nyou



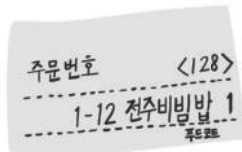
Order
주문

joo-moon



Receipt
영수증

yuhng-soo-jeung



Number ticket
번호표

baw-no-pyo



Number display screen
전광판

jawn-gwahng-pahn



Return
반납

bahn-nahp

5. At a family restaurant



Is there anything else I can get you?
더 필요한 거 있으세요?

No. I'm ok.
아니요. 괜찮아요.

Daw pee-ryo-hahn gaw ee-sseu-seh-yo?

Ah-nee-yo. Gwehn-chah-nah-yo.

Related phrases:



Could I please have the menu back?

여기 메뉴판 좀 다시 주세요.

Yuh-gee meh-nyou-pahn jom dah-shee joo-seh-yo.



May I get a refill?

음료 리필 돼요?

Eum-lyo lee-peel dweh-yo?



In most Korean family restaurants, they only provide cola/Sprite as a refill even if you originally ordered a different drink.



Where do I pay?

계산 어디서 해요?

Gye-sahn aw-dee-saw heh-yo?



Please get me a refill with cola/Sprite.

콜라/스프라이트로 리필해 주세요.

Kol-lah/seu-peu-rah-ee-teu-ro lee-pee-reh joo-seh-yo.



Koreans hardly use the brand name when they order cola because restaurants usually have only Coca-Cola or Pepsi-Cola.

6. At a buffet



How much does it cost to eat lunch here?
여기 런치 얼마예요?

It is 20,000 won per person.
한 사람 당 2만 원이에요.

Yuh-gee lawn-chee awl-mah-yeh-yo?

Hahn sah-rahm dahng ee-mah nwo-nee-eh-yo.

7. At a bar/pub

What would you like to order?

뭐 드릴까요?

We will have two bottles of Chamisul soju, and one dish of spicy sea snails with noodles.

참이슬 두 병이랑 골뱅이 무침 하나 주세요.

Mwo deu-reel-ggah-yo?

Chah-mee-seul doo-byuhng-ee-rahng gol-behng-ee moo-cheem hah-nah joo-seh-yo.



Other possibilities:

Alcoholic beverages



술 sool

Soju
소주
so-joo



Draft/Draught beer
생맥주
sehng-mehk-jjoo



Bottled beer
병맥주
byuhng-mehk-jjoo



Rice beer
막걸리
mahk-ggawl-lee

Bar snacks

literally translated as
"snack which accompanies
alcohol"

안주 ahn-joo

Dry snacks

마른 안주
mah-reun ahn-joo



Half-dried squid
반건조 오징어
bahn-gawn-jo o-jeeng-aw



Cuttlefish
한치
hahn-chee

Fruit-based snacks

과일 안주
gwah-eel ahn-joo



Fruit salad
과일 샐러드
gwah-eel sehl-law-deu



Fruit punch
과일 화채
gwah-eel hwah-cheh



Canned yellow peaches
황도
hwahng-do

Soup

탕 tahng

탕 refers to seasoned meat, fish, or vegetables boiled in water to create a delicious soup.



Fish cake soup

오뎅탕

o-dehng-tahng



Mussel soup

홍합탕

hong-hahp-tahng



Spicy fish roe soup

알탕

ahl-tahng



Spicy seafood soup

해물짬뽕탕

heh-mool-jjahm-bbong-tahng



Scorched rice soup

누룽지탕

noo-roong-jee-tahng

**Grilled****철판**

chawl-pahn

**Stir-fried****볶음**

bo-ggeum

**Seasoned****무침**

moo-cheem



Stir-fried kimchi with tofu

두부김치

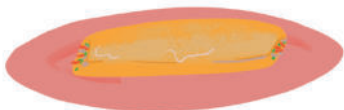
doo-boo-geem-chee



Spicy chicken stew

닭볶음탕

dahk-bo-ggeum-tahng



Rolled omelette

계란말이

gye-rahn-mah-ree



Assorted sausages

모듬 소시지

mo-deum sso-shee-jee



Fritters

튀김 twee-geem

Fried chicken
후라이드 치킨
hoo-rah-ee-deu chee-keen



French fries / Chips
감자 튀김
gahm-jah twee-geem



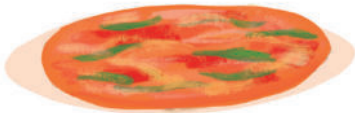
Onion rings
어니언링
aw-nee-awn-leeng

**Korean
pancake**

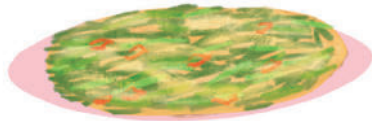


전 jawn

Green onion pancake
파전
pahh-jawn



Kimchi pancake
김치전
geem-chee-jawn



Chive pancake
부추전
boo-choo-jawn

8. At a cafe

May I have an iced americano in a tall sized cup?

아이스 아메리카노 톨 사이즈로 한 잔 주세요.

Is a take-out cup okay?

테이크아웃 잔 괜찮으세요?

Ah-ee-seu ah-meh-ree-kah-no tol sah-ee-jeu-ro hahn jahn
joo-seh-yo.

tay-ee-keu-ah-woot jahn
gwehn-chah-neu-seh-yo?



Other possibilities:



Iced/hot
아이스/따뜻한
ah-ee-seu/ddah-ddeu-tahn



Americano
아메리카노
ah-meh-ree-kah-no



Cafe latte
카페라떼
kah-peh-lah-ddeh



Cappuccino
카푸치노
kah-poo-chee-no



Caramel macchiato
카라멜 마키아또
kah-rah-mehl mah-ggee-ah-ddo



Vanilla latte
바닐라 라떼
bah-neel-lah lah-ddeh



Short sized cup
숏 사이즈
shyot ssah-ee-jeu



Grande/large sized cup
그란데/라지 사이즈
geu-rahn-deh/lah-jee
ssah-ee-jeu



Tall/regular sized cup
톨/레귤러 사이즈
tol/leh-gyoul-law ssah-ee-jeu



Venti sized cup
벤티 사이즈
behn-tee ssah-ee-jeu

SHOPPING!

Do you have this in a different color?

이거 다른 색깔 있어요?

Ee-gaw dah-reun sehk-ggahl ee-ssaw-yo?

Related terms:

Red 빨간색

bbahl-gahn-sehk

Yellow 노란색

no-rahn-sehk

Blue 파란색

pah-rahn-sehk

Sky blue 하늘색

hah-neul-sehk

Pink 분홍색/핑크색

boo-nong-sehk/peeng-keu-sehk

Orange 오렌지색

o-rehn-jee-sehk

Purple 보라색

bo-rah-sehk

Grey 회색

hweh-sehk

Navy 네이비 (남색, 감색, 곤색)

nay-ee-bee

(nahm-sehk, gahm-sehk, gon-sehk)

Brown 갈색

gahl-ssehk

White 흰색/하얀색

heen-sehk/hah-yahn-sehk

Green 초록색/녹색

cho-rok-ssehk/nok-ssehk

Black 검은색

gaw-meun-sehk



Light
연한

yuh-nahn



Deep
진한

jee-nahn



Fluorescent
형광

hyuhng-gwahng



Bright
밝은

bahl-geun



Dark
어두운

aw-doo-woon



Pastel color/tone
파스텔 컬러/톤

pah-seu-tehl kaw-law/ton



Achromatic (greys, neutrals, blacks)
무채색

moo-cheh-sehk

Related phrases:



How much is this?

이거 얼마예요?

Ee-gaw awl-mah-yeh-yo?



Is this on sale?

이거 세일 상품이에요?

Ee-gaw say-eel sahng-poo-mee-eh-yo?

Related terms:



Discount
할인

hah-reen



Inventory
재고

jeh-go



Special offer products
기획 상품

gee-hwehk sahng-poom



Outlet store
상설 매장

sahng-sawl meh-jahng



Typically, if a store is a **상설 매장**, it means that they carry clothes or accessories from past seasons at a discounted price.

1. At a clothing store



Fitting room 탈의실
tah-ree-sheel

Shop 매장
meh-jahng

Hanger 옷걸이
ot-ggaw-ree

Mirror 거울
gaw-wool

Warehouse/Storage 창고
chahng-go

Price tag 가격표/택
gah-gyuhk-pyo/tehk

Bar code 바코드
bah-ko-deu

Counter/Checkout 계산대
gyeh-sahn-deh

Display stand 매대
meh-deh



Do you have a bigger size?
더 큰 사이즈 있어요?

This is the only one left.
이거 하나 남았어요.

Daw keun ssah-ee-jeu ee-ssaw-yo?

Ee-gaw hah-nah na-ma-ssaw-yo.



Other possibilities:



smaller
더 작은
daw jah-geun



men's
남자
nahm-jah



women's
여자
yuh-jah



children's
아동용
ah-dong-yong

Women's tops

	XS 엑스스몰 ehk-sseu-seu-mol	S 스몰 seu-mol	M 미디움 mee-dee-woom	L 라지 lah-jee	XL 엑스라지 ehk-sseu-lah-jee
Korea	44 (85) 사사 (팔오) sah-sah (pah-ro)	55 (90) 오오 (구십) o-o (goo-sheep)	66 (95) 육육(구십오) young-nyouk (goo-shee-bo)	77 (100) 칠칠 (백) cheel-cheel (behk)	88 (105) 팔팔 (백오) pahl-pahl (beh-go)
USA	0-2	4-6	8-10	12-14	16-18
UK	4-6	8-10	10-12	16-18	20-22
Europe	34	36	38	40	42

Women's bottoms

Korea	26 이십육 ee-sheem-nyouk	28 이십팔 ee-sheep-pahl	30 삼십 sahm-sheep	32 삼십이 sahm-shee-bee	34 삼십사 sahm-sheep-ssah
USA	4	6	8	10	12
UK	8	10	12	14	16
Europe	36	38	40	42	44



You will often find some clothes in “free size” in Korea, especially tops, dresses, or leggings. “Free size” clothes are typically tailored for size 66 (95).

Men's tops

	S	M	L	XL	XXL
Korea	90 구십 goo-sheep	95 구십오 goo-shee-bo	100 백 behk	105 백오 beh-go	110 백십 behk-sheep
USA	14-14.5	14.5-15	15-15.5	15.5-16	16-16.5
UK	1	2	3	4	5
Europe	46	48	50	52	54

Men's bottoms

Size (Korea)	28 이십팔 ee-sheep-pahl	30 삼십 sahm-sheep	32 삼십이 sahm-shee-bee	34 삼십사 sahm-sheep-ssah	36 삼십육 sahm-sheem-nyouk
Waist (cm)	70	76	84	90	93



Men's wear in Korea is very "middle of the road" in terms of sizing. It is really difficult to find smaller or bigger sizes than what is listed above.

Unless you are buying clothes for someone else, it is **HIGHLY** recommended to try them on before purchasing.

Related phrases:



These clothes do not fit me.

옷이 안 맞아요.

o-shee ahn mah-jah-yo.



These clothes do not suit me.

옷이 저한테 안 어울려요.

o-shee jaw-hahn-teh ahn aw-wool-lyuh-yo.



These clothes are too big for me.

옷이 너무 커요.

o-shee naw-moo kaw-yo.



These clothes are too small for me.

옷이 너무 작아요.

o-shee naw-moo jah-gah-yo.

2. At a bag store



Natural leather

천연 가죽 chaw-nyuhn gah-jook



Ostrich

타조

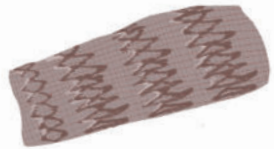
tah-jo



Crocodile

악어

ah-gaw



Snake

뱀

behm

Cow

소

so

Goat

염소

yuhm-so

Eel

장어

jahng-aw

Calf

송아지

song-ah-jee

Buffalo

버팔로

baw-pahl-lo

Lizard

도마뱀

do-mah-behm

Sheep

양

yahng



Artificial/Synthetic leather

인조 가죽/합성 피혁

een-jo gah-jook/hahp-ssawng pee-hyuhk

Related phrases:



Is this genuine leather?

이거 가죽이에요?

Ee-gaw gah-joo-gee-eh-yo?



Which country is this brand from?

어느 나라 브랜드예요?

Aw-neu nah-rah beu-rehn-deu-yeh-yo?



Is this a(n) Korean brand?

이거 한국 브랜드예요?

Ee-gaw hahn-gook beu-rehn-deu-yeh-yo?



Please refer to page 15
for country names.



You may try it on.

한번 메 보세요.

Hahn-bawn meh bo-seh-yo.

3. At an accessory/jewelry store

Is this 14k gold?
이거 14K예요?

No. It is gold plated.
아니요. 도금이예요.

Ee-gaw sheep-ssah-kay-ee-yeh-yo?

Ah-nee-yo. Do-geu-mee-eh-yo.



Related terms:



Earrings
귀걸이/귀고리

gwee-gaw-ree/gwee-go-ree



Bracelet
팔찌

pahl-jjee



Necklace
목걸이

mok-ggaw-ree



Ring
반지

bahn-jee



Brooch
브로치

beu-ro-chee



Hairclip
머리핀

maw-ree-peen



Ponytail holder
머리끈

maw-ree-ggeun



14k gold
14K

sheep-ssah-kay-ee

14K gold = 58.3% gold



18k gold
18K

sheep-pahl-kay-ee

18K gold = 75% gold



24k gold
24K

ee-sheep-sah-kay-ee

24K gold = 99.99% gold



Gold
금

geum



Silver
은

eun



Rose gold
로즈골드

ro-jeu-gol-deu



White gold
화이트골드

hwah-ee-teu-gol-deu



Pendant
펜던트

pehn-dawn-teu



Chain
줄

jool



Cubic zirconia
큐빅

kyou-beek

Related phrases:



The chain is too long.

줄이 길어요.

Joo-ree gee-raw-yo.



The chain is too short.

줄이 짧아요.

Joo-ree jjahl-bah-yo.



The ring is too big.

반지가 커요.

Bahn-jee-gah kaw-yo.



The ring is too small.

반지가 작아요.

Bahn-jee-gah jah-gah-yo.

4. At a shoe store

Do you have these shoes in size 230?
이 신발 230 사이즈 있어요?

Wait a minute. I will check.
네. 잠시만 기다리세요. 확인해 볼게요.

Ee sheen-bahl ee-behk-sahm-sheep ssah-ee-jeu
ee-ssaw-yo?

Ne. Jahm-shee-mahn gee-dah-ree-seh-yo.
Hwah-gee-neh bol-ggeh-yo.



Size chart

Women			
Korea	USA	UK	Europe
220 · 이백이십 ee-beh-gee-sheep	5	3	36
225 · 이백이십오 ee-beh-gee-shee-bo	5.5	3.5	36.5
230 · 이백삼십 ee-behk-sahm-sheep	6	4	37
235 · 이백삼십오 ee-behk-sahm-shee-bo	6.5	4.5	37.5
240 · 이백사십 ee-behk-sah-sheep	7	5	38
245 · 이백사십오 ee-behk-sa-shee-bo	7.5	5.5	38.5
250 · 이백오십 ee-beh-go-sheep	8	6	39
255 · 이백오십오 ee-beh-go-shee-bo	8.5	6.5	39.5
260 · 이백육십 ee-behng-nyouk-sheep	9	7	40
265 · 이백육십오 ee-behng-nyouk-shee-bo	9.5	7.5	40.5
270 · 이백칠십 ee-behk-cheel-sheep	10	8	41

Men			
Korea	USA	UK	Europe
245 · 이백사십오 ee-behk-sah-shee-bo	6.5	5.5	40
250 · 이백오십 ee-beh-go-sheep	7	6	40.5
255 · 이백오십오 ee-beh-go-shee-bo	7.5	6.5	41
260 · 이백육십 ee-behng-nyouk-sheep	8	7	41.5
265 · 이백육십오 ee-behng-nyouk-shee-bo	8.5	7.5	42
270 · 이백칠십 ee-behk-cheel-sheep	9	8	42.5
275 · 이백칠십오 ee-behk-cheel-shee-bo	9.5	8.5	43
280 · 이백팔십 ee-behk-pahl-sheep	10	9	43.5
285 · 이백팔십오 ee-behk-pahl-shee-bo	10.5	9.5	44
290 · 이백구십 ee-behk-goo-sheep	11	10	44.5
295 · 이백구십오 ee-behk-goo-shee-bo	11.5	10.5	45

Related terms:



Sneakers/Trainers
운동화
woon-dong-hwah



Loafers
로퍼
lo-paw



Sandals
샌들
ssehn-deul



Slippers
슬리퍼
seul-lee-paw



Low heel shoes
단화
dah-nwah



High heels
하이힐
hah-ee-heel



Wedge heels
웨지힐
weh-jee-heel



Peep/Open toe
오픈토
o-peun-to



Flat shoes
플랫슈즈
peul-leht-shyou-jeu



Platform heel
가보시힐
gah-bo-shee-heel



Shoelaces
신발 끈
sheen-bahl ggeun



Shoelaces for sneakers
운동화 끈
woon-dong-hwah ggeun



Shoelaces for dress shoes
구두 끈
goo-doo ggeun

Related phrases:



The heels are too high.

굽이 너무 높아요.

Goo-bee naw-moo no-pah-yo.



Heel

굽

goop



The heels are too low.

굽이 너무 낮아요.

Goo-bee naw-moo nah-jah-yo.



Shoehorn

구둣주걱

goo-doot-jjoo-gawk



The heels are too thin.

굽이 너무 얇아요.

Goo-bee naw-moo yahl-bah-yo.



The heels are too thick.

굽이 너무 두꺼워요.

Goo-bee naw-moo doo-ggaw-wo-yo.

5. At a cosmetics store

Who is this item for?

누가 쓰실 거예요?

I will give this to my mom as a present.

엄마한테 선물할 거예요.

Noo-gah sseu-sheel ggaw-yeh-yo?

Awm-mah-hahn-teh sawn-moo-rahl ggaw-yeh-yo.



Other possibilities:



Friend
친구

cheen-goo



Dad
아빠

ah-bbah



Younger sister/brother
동생

dong-sehng



Older sister
(from a female's perspective)
언니

awn-nee



Older sister
(from a male's perspective)
누나

noo-nah



Girlfriend
여자 친구

yuh-jah cheen-goo



Boyfriend
남자 친구

nahm-jah cheen-goo



Older brother
(from a male's perspective)
형

hyuhng



Older brother
(from a female's perspective)
오빠

o-bbah

Related terms:



Toner
스킨/토너
seu-keen/to-naw



Essence
에센스
eh-sseh-n-seu



Moisturizer
수분크림
soo-boon-keu-reem



Serum
세럼
seh-rawm



Sunscreen
선크림
ssawn-keu-reem



Eye cream
아이크림
ah-ee-keu-reem



Foundation
파운데이션
pah-woon-day-ee-shyuhn



Makeup base
메이크업 베이스
may-ee-keu-awp bay-ee-seu



Primer
프라이머
peu-rah-ee-maw



Concealer
컨실러
kawn-seel-law



Eyelinor
아이라이너
ah-ee-lah-ee-naw



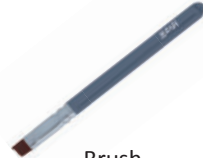
Mascara
마스카라
mah-seu-kah-rah



Eye shadow
아이 새도우
ah-ee shyeh-do-woo



Eyebrow pencil
아이 브로우 펜슬
ah-ee beu-ro-woo pehn-seul



Brush
브러시
beu-raw-shee



Blusher
블러셔
beul-law-shyuh



Lipstick
립스틱
leep-sseu-teek



Lip balm
립밤
leep-bbahlm



Lip gloss
립글로즈
leep-geul-to-jeu



Oily skin
지성 피부
jee-sawng pee-boo



Dry skin
건성 피부
gawn-sawng pee-boo



Combination skin
복합성 피부
bo-kahp-ssawng pee-boo



Acne
여드름
yuh-deu-reum



Freckles
기미
gee-mee



Wrinkles
주름
joo-reum



Pigmentation
색소 침착
sehk-so cheem-chahk



Anti-aging
항노화
hahng-no-hwah



Whitening
미백/화이트닝
mee-behk/hwah-ee-teu-neeng



Moisturizing
보습
bo-seup



Sun protection
자외선 차단
jah-weh-sawn chah-dahn



Soothing
진정
jeen-jawng



Wrinkle treatment
주름 개선
joo-reum geh-sawn



Elasticity
탄력
tahl-lyuhk



Skin regeneration
피부 재생
pee-boo jeh-sehng

6. At a convenience store



Feminine products
여성용품

yuh-sawng-yong-poom

Stockings/Tights/Pantyhose
스타킹

seu-tah-keeng

Instant noodles in a styrofoam cup
컵라면

kawm-lah-myuhn

Triangle kimbap 삼각 김밥
sahm-gakh gee-m-bahp

Cigarettes 담배
dahm-beh

Microwave 전자레인지
jawn-jah-ray-ee-n-jee

Trash can 쓰레기통
sseu-reh-gee-tong

Umbrella 우산
woo-sahn



Do you have hand wipes?

물티슈 있어요?

Yes. They are at the end of that row.

네. 저쪽 끝으로 가 보세요.

Mool-tee-shyou ee-ssaw-yo?

Ne. Jaw-jjok ggeu-teu-ro gah bo-seh-yo.



Other possibilities:



Tissue
휴지

hyou-jee



Painkillers/Analgesic
진통제

jeen-tong-jeh



Fever-reducing medicine
해열제

heh-yuhl-jjeh



Transportation card
교통카드

gyo-tong-kah-deu



Toiletries
세면도구

seh-myuhn-do-goo



Charger
충전기

choong-jawn-gee



Razor
면도기

myuhn-do-gee



Pre-packed meal
도시락

do-shee-rahk



Pen
펜

pehn



Notepad
메모지

meh-mo-jee



Batteries
건전지

gawn-jawn-jee



Sanitary napkins
생리대

sehng-lee-deh



Tampons
탐폰

tahm-pon

1. At a big supermarket

Where is the cereal?

시리얼 어디에 있어요?

They are in the snacks section over there.

저쪽 과자 코너에 있어요.

Ssee-ree-awl aw-dee-eh ee-ssaw-yo?

Jaw-jjok gwah-jah ko-naw-eh ee-ssaw-yo.



Other possibilities:



Toothbrush

칫솔

cheet-ssol



Toothpaste

치약

chee-yahk



Laver/Dried roasted seaweed

김

geem



Alcohol

술

sool



Soju

소주

sso-joo



Beer

맥주

mehk-jjoo



Wine

와인

wah-eeen



Paper cups

종이컵

jong-ee-kawp



Cosmetics

화장품

hwah-jahng-poom



Clothes

옷

ot



Underwear

속옷

so-got

8. At a traditional market

How much is this?
이거 얼마예요?

It is 3,000 won.
3천원.

Ee-gaw awl-mah-yeh-yo?

Sahm-chaw-nwon.



Related phrases:



What is this?

이거 뭐예요?

Ee-gaw mwo-yeh-yo?



It is too expensive.

너무 비싸요.

Naw-moo bee-ssah-yo.



Please give me a discount.

싸게 주세요.

Ssah-geh joo-seh-yo.



Is it good/tasty?

이거 맛있어요?

Ee-gaw mah-shee-saw-yo?



It is so good/tasty.

너무 맛있어요.

Naw-moo mah-shee-saw-yo.



Please give me a lot.

많이 주세요.

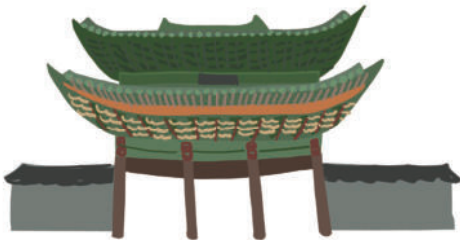
Mah-nee joo-seh-yo.

Cultural tip: Traditional markets are the only places where you can haggle.

FUN PLACES

1. At a palace

During the Joseon Dynasty, "Five Grand Palaces" were built in Seoul – Changdeokgung, Changgyeonggung, Deoksugung, Gyeongbokgung, and Gyeonghuigung – all of which are located in the Jung District (중구 [joong-goo]) and Jongno District (종로구 [jong-no-goo]).



Changgyeong Palace

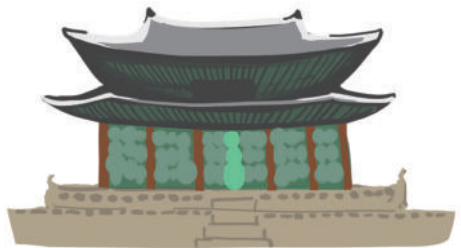
창경궁 chahng-gyuhng-goong

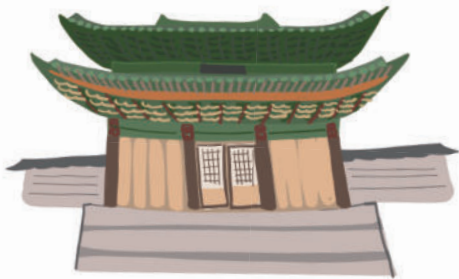
Originally the Summer Palace of the Goryeo King, it later became one of the Five Grand Palaces of the Joseon Dynasty.

Gyeongbok Palace

경복궁 gyuhng-bok-ggoong

This was the main royal palace of the Joseon Dynasty, and is now the most famous palace in Korea.





Changdeok Palace

창덕궁 chahng-dawk-ggoong

This palace was built in 1395 to be used as the primary palace when Gyeongbok Palace was unable to be used for any reason, such as during a war.

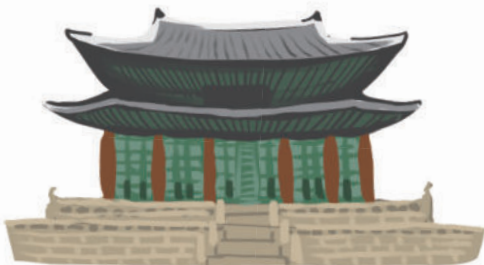
Deoksu Palace

덕수궁 dawk-ssoo-goong

This residence became a royal 'palace' during the Imjin War in 1592 after all of the other palaces had burned down.



Gyeonghui Palace



경희궁 gyuhng-hee-goong

During the late Joseon period, this palace served as an emergency residence for the king.

Related phrases:



Where is the entrance?

입구가 어디예요?

Eep-ggoo-gah aw-dee-yeh-yo?



Where is the exit?

출구가 어디예요?

Chool-goo-gah aw-dee-yeh-yo?



Jongmyo Shrine

종묘 jong-myō

A Confucian shrine dedicated to the perpetuation of memorial services for the deceased kings and queens of the Korean Joseon Dynasty.

2. On a mountain

Related phrases:



How much further until I get to the top?

정상까지 얼마나 남았어요?

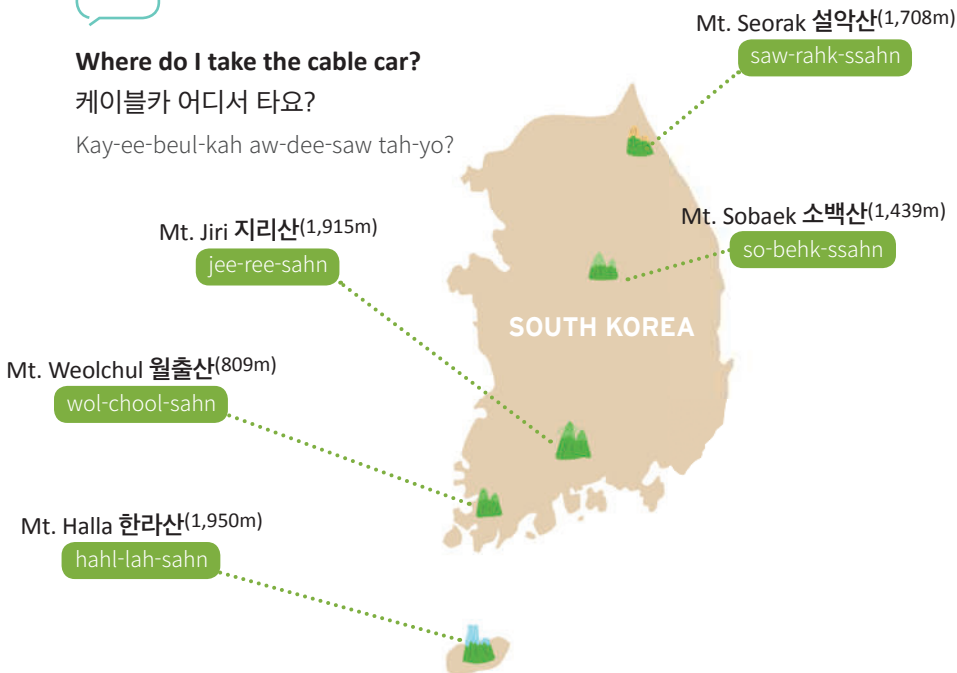
Jawng-sahng-ggah-jee awl-mah-nah nah-mah-ssaw-yo?



Where do I take the cable car?

케이블카 어디서 타요?

Kay-ee-beul-kah aw-dee-saw tah-yo?





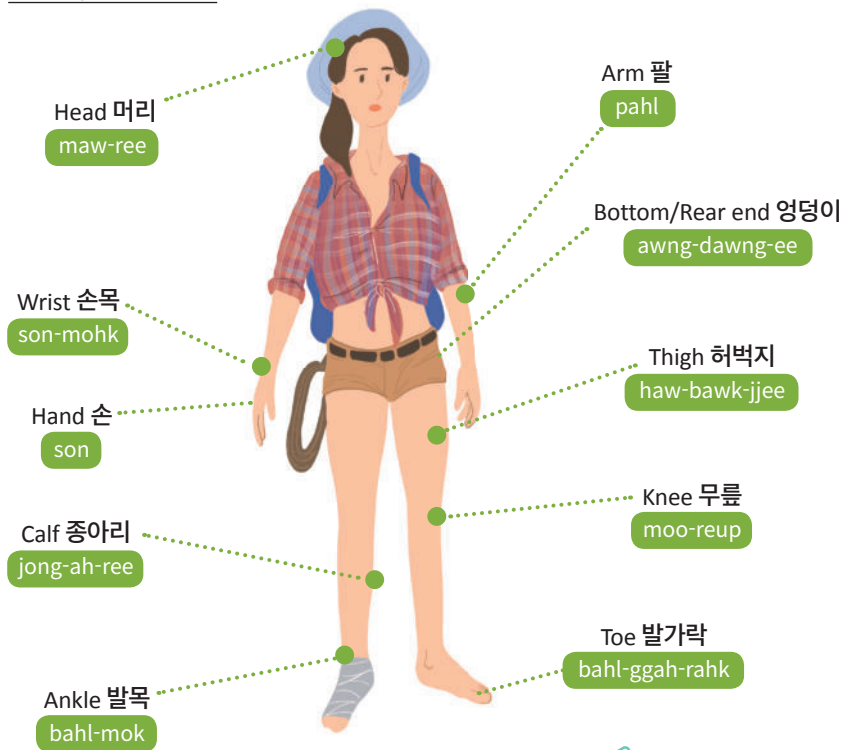
Even if you have never been hiking, it is definitely worth giving it a go while you are in Korea. There are so many mountains in Korea, ranging from very short and easy hikes to all day hikes with a number of trails of varying difficulty, that only a handful could be labeled on this map. If you are a novice hiker, we recommend starting with a few of the shorter mountains before tackling the taller ones.

Excuse me. I hurt my leg. Please help me.

저기요. 다리를 다쳤어요. 좀 도와주세요.

Ja-gee-yo. Dah-ree-reul dah-chyuh-ssaw-yo. Jom do-wah-joo-seh-yo.

Other possibilities:



Please refer to page 178
for more body part terms.

3. At a theme park

What time do you open/close?

개장/폐장 시간이 언제예요?

At 11.

11시예요.

Geh-jahng/Pyeh-jahng shee-gah-
nee awn-jeh-yeh-yo?

Yuh-rahn-shee-yeh-yo.



Related terms:



Admission ticket
입장권

eep-jjahng-ggwon



Daytime ticket
주간권

joo-gahn-ggwon



Nighttime ticket
야간권

yah-gahn-ggwon



All-inclusive pass
자유이용권

jah-you-ee-yong-ggwon



Waiting line
대기라인

deh-gee-lah-een

Related phrases:



How long do I have to wait?

얼마나 기다려야 돼요?

Awl-mah-nah gee-dah-ryuh-yah dweh-yo?



When does the parade start?

퍼레이드 언제 시작해요?

Paw-ray-ee-deu awn-jeh shee-jah-keh-yo?



Where is the restroom?

화장실 어디 있어요?

Hwah-jahng-sheel aw-dee ee-ssaw-yo?



Where can I see the performance?

공연 어디서 해요?

Gong-yuhn aw-dee-saw heh-yo?

Is this the line for Thunder Falls?

이 줄이 썬더폴스 줄 맞아요?

Ee joo-ree ssawn-daw-pol-sseu jool mah-jah-yo?

☞ Generally, each ride in a Korean amusement park has its own park-specific name. For example, “T-Express” and “Rolling X-Train” are two rollercoasters at Everland. However, the following four types of rides are almost always referred to as their general name rather than their park-specific name.

Other possibilities:



Carousel
회전목마

hweh-jawn-mong-mah



Viking boat
바이킹

bah-ee-keeng



Ferris wheel
관람차

gwahl-lahm-chah



Bumper cars
범퍼카

bawm-paw-kah

4. At a water park

Where can I rent a life jacket?

구명 자켓 어디서 빌릴 수 있어요?

Goo-myuhng jah-keht aw-dee-saw beel-leel ssoo ee-ssaw-yo?

Other possibilities:



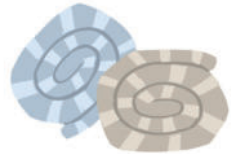
Swimsuit
수영복

soo-yuhng-bok



Beach chair
비치 চে어

bee-chee cheh-aw



Towel
타월

tah-wol

Related phrases:



Can I go out and come back in?

잠깐 나갔다 와도 돼요?

Jahm-ggahn nah-gaht-ddah wah-do dweh-yo?



Where can I buy this/that?

이건/저건 어디서 팔아요?

Ee-gawn/jaw-gawn aw-dee-saw pah-rah-yo?



If you are pointing at something close to you, you say **이건**[ee-gawn], and if you are pointing at something far from you, you say **저건**[jaw-gawn].



Where can I take the bus to Seoul?

서울 가는 버스 어디서 타요?

Saw-wool gah-neun baw-sseu aw-dee-saw tah-yo?



Do I have to pay for this?

이거 돈 내고 쓰는 거예요?

Ee-gaw don neh-go sseu-neun gaw-yeh-yo?



Morning ticket 오전권 o-jawn-ggwon	Adult 대인 day-eeen	22,000
	Child 소인 so-eeen	16,000
	Senior citizen 경로 gyuhng-no	16,000
Afternoon ticket 오후권 o-hoo-ggwon	Adult 대인 day-eeen	22,000
	Child 소인 so-eeen	16,000
	Senior citizen 경로 gyuhng-no	16,000
1-day ticket 1일권 ee-reel-ggwon	Adult 대인 day-eeen	40,000
	Child 소인 so-eeen	29,000
	Senior citizen 경로 gyuhng-no	29,000
2-day ticket 2일권 ee-eel-ggwon	Adult 대인 day-eeen	60,000
	Child 소인 so-eeen	43,000
	Senior citizen 경로 gyuhng-no	43,000

Related terms:



Phone charging
휴대폰 충전

hyou-deh-pon choong-jawn



Valuables storage
귀중품 보관

gwee-joong-poom bo-gwahn



Locker
락커

lahk-kaw



Operating hours
운영 시간

woo-nyuhng shee-gahn



Balance refund
잔액 환불

jah-nehk hwahn-bool



Re-entry
재입장

jay-eep-jjahng



Belongings inspection
소지품 검사

so-jee-poom gawm-sah



Shower room
샤워실

shyah-wo-sheel

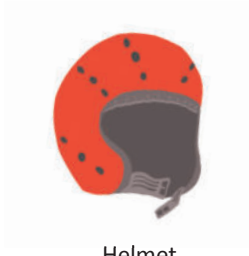
5. At a ski resort

Related terms:



Lift ticket
리프트권

lee-peu-teu-ggwon



Helmet
헬멧

hehl-meht



Equipment rental
장비렌탈

jahng-bee-rehn-tahl



Snowboard
스노보드

seu-no-bo-deu



Ski
스키

seu-kee



Goggles
고글

go-geul



Weekend
주말

joo-mahl



Weekday
주중

joo-joong



Gondola
곤돌라

gon-dol-lah



Clothing rental
의류대여

eu-ryou-deh-yuh



Ski lesson
스키강습

seu-kee-gahng-seup



Season pass
시즌권

ssee-jeun-ggwon

FESTIVALS IN KOREA

The exact date and place where festivals are held varies every year. Be sure to research the details before you make plans.



Spring flower festivals

봄꽃축제 bom-ggot-chook-jjeh

Yeongdeungpo, Yeouido Spring Flower Festival

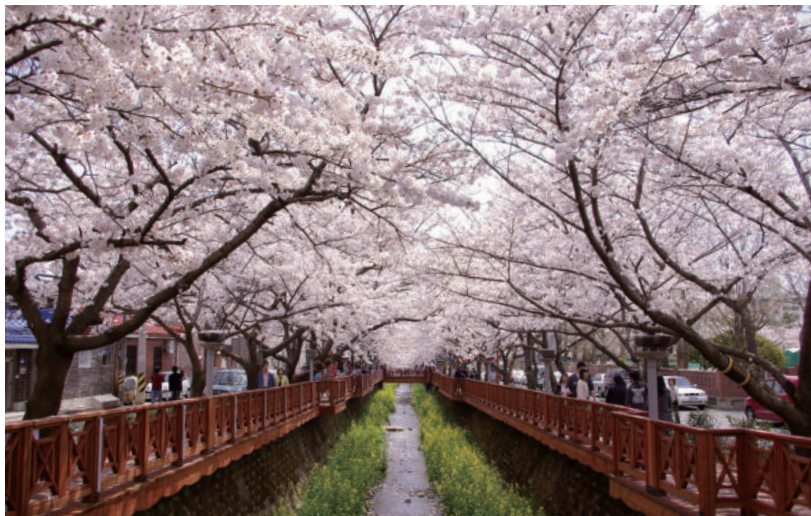
영등포 여의도 봄꽃축제 yuhng-deung-po yuh-ee-do bom-ggot-chook-jjeh

The most famous cherry blossom festival in Seoul. (Mid April)

Jinhae Gunhangje Festival

진해군항제 jee-neh-goo-nahng-jeh

The biggest cherry blossom festival in Korea. (Mid April)



Jeju Rapeseed Festival

제주 유채꽃큰잔치 jeh-joo you-cheh-ggot-keun-jahn-chee

The most famous and popular festival on Jeju Island. (Mid April)

Everland Tulip Festival / Rose Festival

에버랜드 튤립축제/장미축제

eh-baw-rehn-deu tyoul-leep-chook-jje/jahng-mee-chook-jjeh

Unlike cherry blossoms or rapeseed flowers which you can see in many places throughout Korea, it is really difficult to find as many tulips and roses anywhere else in the country as are at this festival. In order to attend this festival, you must buy a ticket to Everland! (Late March ~ Mid June)



Beach festivals

바다축제 bah-dah-chook-jjeh

Boryeong Mud Festival

보령머드축제 bo-ryuhng-maw-deu-chook-jjeh

One of the most popular festivals among foreigners in Korea, the mud festival is just what it sounds like: a festival celebrating mud! To be more specific, this festival celebrates the cosmetic and beneficial properties of the mud from the area of Daecheon. There are many attractions including mud massage, mud wrestling, zipline, inflatables, mud skiing, and even a mud fireworks fantasy!

Busan Sea Festival

부산바다축제 boo-sahn-bah-dah-chook-jjeh

For about one week, there are many events and festivals on several beaches in Busan combined under one name. Such events include a water sports contest, dance festival, and various music concerts. (Early August)



Firework festivals

불꽃축제 bool-ggot-chook-jjeh



Seoul International Fireworks Festival

서울세계불꽃축제 saw-wool-seh-gyeh-bool-ggot-chook-jjeh

The most famous fireworks festival in Korea. You can expect to see nearly the whole city in attendance. (Early October)

Pohang International Fireworks Festival

포항국제불빛축제 po-hahng-gook-jjeh-bool-bbeet-chook-jje

You can enjoy the sea, night market, and sights of Pohang as well as the fireworks. (Late July ~ Early August)



Winter festivals

겨울 축제 gyuh-wool chook-jjeh



Hwacheon Sancheoneo Ice Festival

화천산천어축제 hwah-chawn-sahn-chaw-naw-chook-jjeh

When the river is covered with a thick layer of ice, you can try ice fishing with your bare hands. (Mid January ~ Early February)

Daegwallyeong Snow Festival

대관령 눈꽃축제 deh-gwahl-lyuhng noon-ggot-chook-jjeh

Daegwallyeong is the place in Korea where it snows the most. For about 10 days every year in January, huge snow and ice sculptures are on display, and you can also ride the snowmobile train. (Mid January)



Film festivals

영화제 yuhng-hwah-jeh



Busan International Film Festival

부산국제영화제 boo-sahn-gook-jjeh-yuhng-hwah-jeh

The most famous and biggest international film festival in Asia. (Early October)

Jeonju International Film Festival

전주국제영화제 jawn-joo-gook-jjeh-yuhng-hwah-jeh

This festival is smaller than the BIFF, but you can enjoy the sights in historic Jeonju in addition to the festival. (Early May)

Bucheon International Fantastic Film Festival

부천국제판타스틱영화제

boo-chawn-gook-jjeh-pahn-tah-seu-teek-yuhng-hwah-jeh

This film festival focuses on horror, thriller, mystery, and fantasy films.

(Mid ~ Late July)



Music festivals

음악 축제 eu-mahk chook-jjeh



Jarasum International Jazz Festival

자라섬국제재즈페스티벌

jah-rah-sawm-gook-jjeh-jjeh-jeu-peh-seu-tee-bawl

The most famous jazz festival in Korea, where dozens of international jazz artists perform. Over 100,000 people visit this festival every year. (Mid October)

Incheon Pentaport Rock Festival

인천 펜타포트 락 페스티벌

een-chawn pehn-tah-po-teu rahk peh-seu-tee-bawl

One of the biggest live music events in Korea. The festival mainly features rock and electronic music. (Mid August)

Valley Rock Festival

밸리 록 페스티벌 behl-lee rok peh-seu-tee-bawl


Korea's largest rock festival with a lineup of big-name musicians from Korea and abroad. (Late July)

BUSY AREAS IN SEOUL

Where is the nearest subway station?

여기서 제일 가까운 지하철 역이 어디예요?

Yuh-gee-saw jay-eel gah-ggah-woon jee-hah-chawl yuh-gee aw-dee-yeh-yo?

 If you are lost in the middle of a busy area in Seoul, the best way to find the nearest subway station is to ask someone.



Hongdae

홍대 hong-deh

An extremely popular area among younger people surrounding Hongik University. This area used to be a place for poor artists and Indie musicians to gather. Since the main area has become very commercialized with cafes and shops, the artists and musicians moved toward the outskirts of Hongdae to areas such as Yeonnam-dong.

Sinchon/Edae

신촌/이대 sheen-chon/ee-deh

Two of the most prestigious universities are in this area: Yonsei University and Ewha Womans University. Due to this, there are many affordable clothing and accessory stores as well as very reasonably priced restaurants.



Myeongdong

명동 myuhng-dong

Myeongdong has almost everything a shopper could ever want available in one area. From the main branches of the top Korean department stores, Lotte and Shinsegae, to H&M and more Korean cosmetics shops than you can count, this neighborhood is a shopping mecca for Koreans and tourists alike. Fashion and shopping aside, Myeongdong is home to one of the most prominent Catholic cathedrals in Korea. The official name of the church is The Cathedral Church of the Virgin Mary of the Immaculate Conception, but it is also known as just simply Myeongdong Cathedral.

Jongno

종로 jong-no

Seoul's modern "downtown" mixed with "old town" flair. Among the government office buildings, gigantic bookstores, and bars and restaurants, you will find many historical sites, gardens, old movie theaters, and traditional street markets.



Insadong

인사동 een-sah-dong

A popular neighborhood in Jongno, the heart of Seoul, where there are many opportunities to experience traditional Korean culture. Visit traditional teahouses and restaurants, craft workshops (traditional Korean knot-tying, making kimchi, ceramic painting, etc.), antique shops, art galleries, souvenir stores, and more!

Samcheongdong

삼청동 sahm-chawng-dong

Offers some of the best scenery in Seoul. Gyeongbok Palace and the Blue House (home of the President of Korea) are located here, and the area is well-known for its many traditional 한옥 [hah-nok] (Korean-style homes). Many quirky shops, art galleries, and upscale restaurants have popped up in this area in recent years, which gives the area a unique and trendy vibe.





Photo by Noealz

Gwanghwamun Square

광화문 광장 gwahng-hwah-moon gwahng-jahng

Opened in 2009, Gwanghwamun Square is located just in front of the entrance of Gyeongbok Palace. A statue of Admiral Yi and the 12.23 Fountain stand guard while a statue of King Sejong the Great sits atop an underground museum (the stairs to The Story of King Sejong Exhibition Hall, which is connected to the Admiral Yi Museum, are located at the backside of the King Sejong statue). This location became quite the social gathering spot for large-scale events such as Pope Francis's visit, candlelight vigils, and a watch party for the Korean national soccer team during the World Cup. Gwanghwamun Square is in the middle of a busy 10-lane major roadway, so be sure to use one of the three crosswalks to get there!



Photo by Noealz

Yeouido

여의도 yuh-ee-do

The business and financial center of Korea, also known for the National Assembly of the Republic of Korea, numerous broadcasting stations, the 63 building, and IFC Mall. On weekends, people often visit Yeouido Park or Yeouido Han River Park.

Gangnam Station

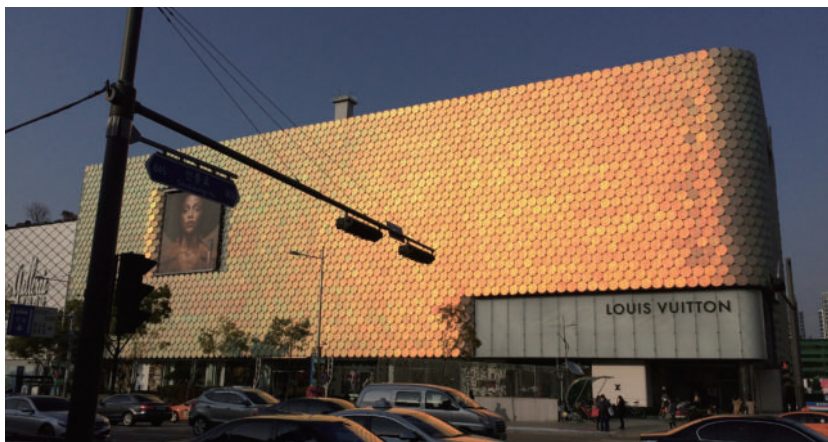
강남역 gahng-nahm-nyuhk

An incredibly busy and affluent area densely packed with shops, restaurants, cafes, pubs, clubs, office buildings, and many private English institutes and “cram schools”.

Apgujeong/Cheongdam/Sinsa

압구정/청담/신사 ahp-ggoo-jawng/chawng-dahm/sheen-sah

The swankiest areas in Seoul. There are many upscale boutiques, makeup studios, wedding dress shops, and entertainment companies in this neighborhood. In Apgujeong resides a not-so-typical tourist information center; the Gangnam Tourist Information Center has two levels where you can exchange currency, store your luggage, get information on the area and for medical tourism, and experience Korean popular music and TV soap opera culture (known as Hallyu, or 한류 [hahl-lyou]).



Daehangno

대학로 deh-hahng-no

Many theaters are located in this area, especially small theaters for plays. Since Sungkyunkwan University is nearby, and Seoul National University used to be located in this area, you can experience a youthful and romantic ambiance while walking around.

Itaewon

이태원 ee-teh-won

A unique neighborhood abound with multiculturalism that is also located within walking distance of United States Army Garrison Yongsan. The large and growing international community in Itaewon has really helped in building up the area and popularizing it with tourists and locals. Whether it is food, shopping, or nightlife, Itaewon has it all. It has become somewhat of a foodie destination in recent years, as it is here you can find nearly any cuisine your heart desires, from vegan (visit PLANT) and southern United States barbecue (Linus BBQ is a crowd favorite), to a large number of halal restaurants and Korean-Mexican fusion (visit Coreanos or Vatos Tacos). Additionally, if you are looking to buy larger shoes or clothing, there are a large number of “Big and Tall” or “Big Size” shops in Itaewon.



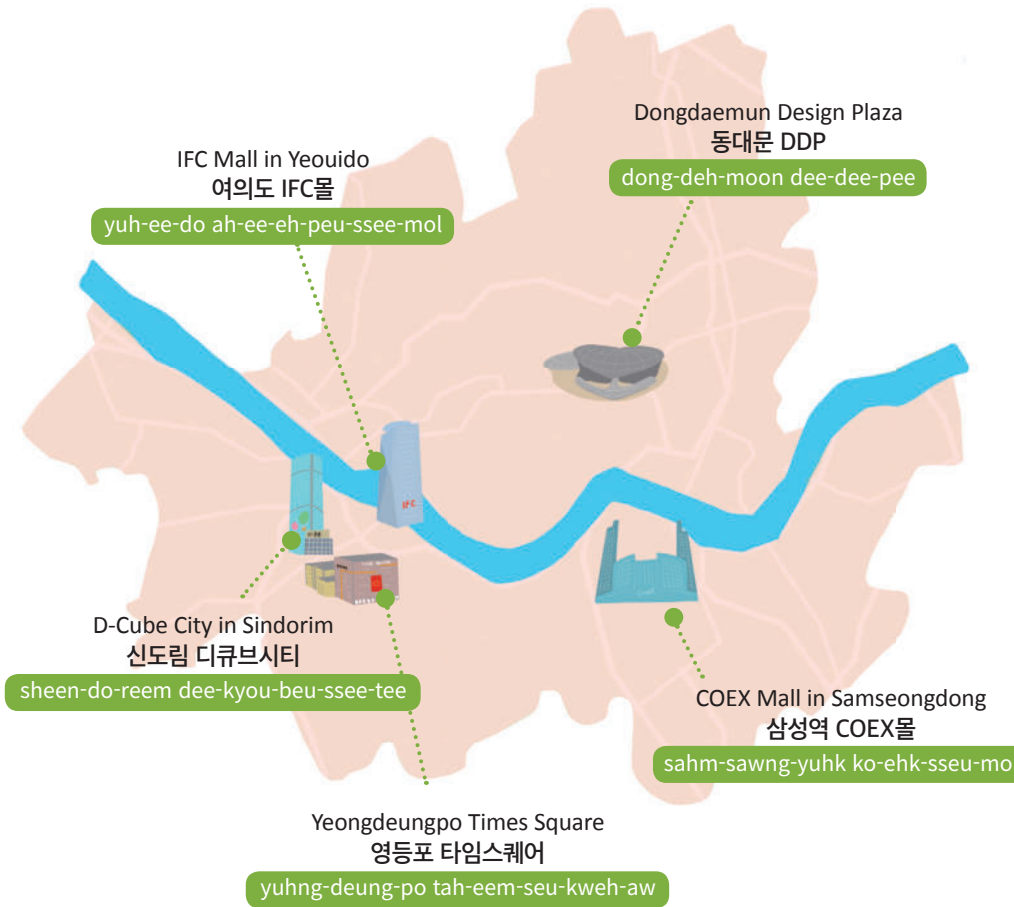
Dongdaemun/Namdaemun

동대문/남대문 dong-deh-moon/nahm-deh-moon

Dongdaemun literally translates to “big east door”, and Namdaemun translates to “big south door”. Although both locations are gates which were built during the Joseon Dynasty, today these areas are more well-known for the very large traditional markets which have any and every type of shop imaginable.



Big shopping complexes/multicultural facilities in Seoul

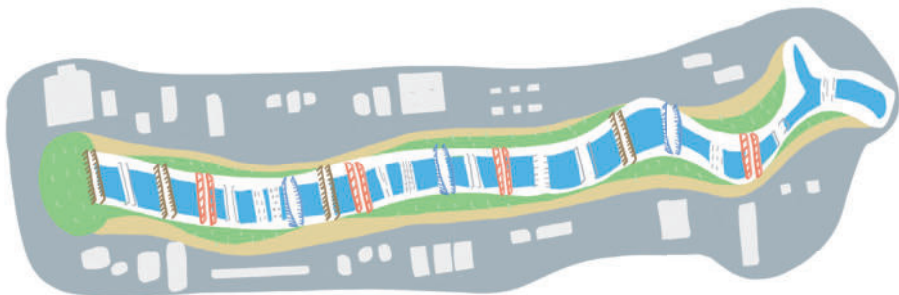




Han River

한강 hahn-gahng

The Han River runs through the middle of Seoul and served as a valuable transportation route in the past. Nowadays, the river is lined with many parks and bicycle and jogging paths. Many Seoulites take advantage of the parks when the weather is nice to have picnics on the weekends, or use the paths to walk, jog, or cycle along the river. There is even a set of three man-made floating islands on the river where you have the opportunity to shop, eat, or attend a public event.

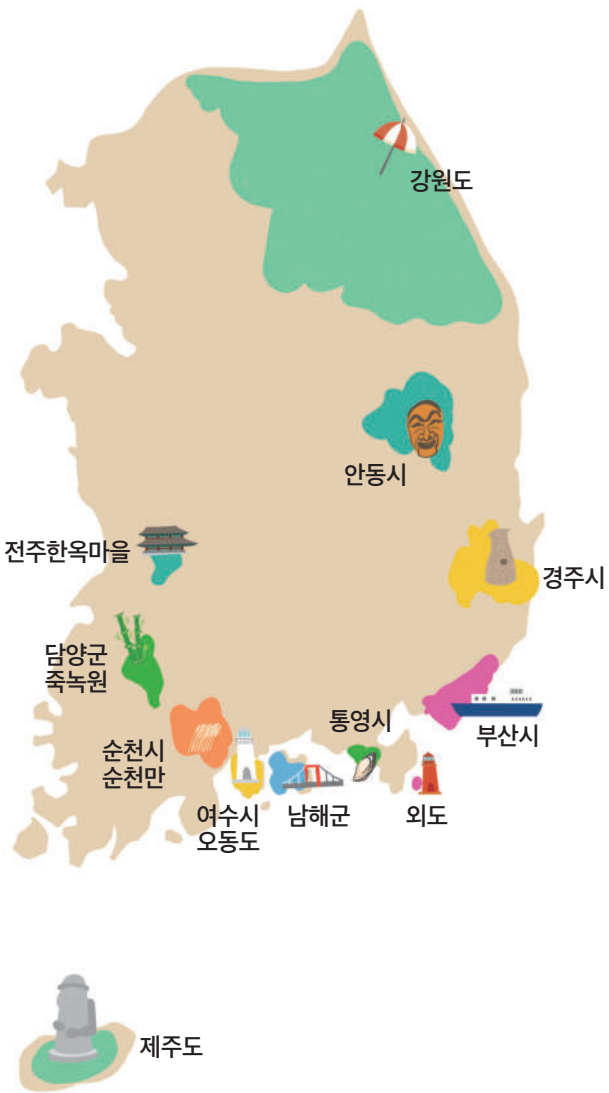


Cheonggyecheon Stream

청계천 chawng-gyeh-chawn

A modern stream that starts at Cheonggye Plaza (look for Spring Tower, the tall, multi-colored conch art piece, and Candelight Fountain, a double-layer waterfall) and runs through the Jung District (중구 [joong-goo]) and Jongno District (종로구 [jong-no-goo]) before emptying into the Han River. Along the stream are pedestrian walkways and places to dip your feet to cool off on those hot and humid Korean summer days.

VISITING
A LOCAL CITY



Gangwon Province

강원도 gahng-won-do

Korea's most northeasterly and most rural province. It is here where you can enjoy beautiful parks, mountains, rivers, and beaches. It is a favorite spot for short trips from Seoul. There are many Korean-style rental cottages and facilities for outdoor activities.

Busan City

부산시 boo-sahn-shee

The second largest city in Korea. A port city, Busan has something for everyone: incredibly fresh seafood, sunny beaches with picturesque views, mountains for hiking, chic cafes, and the world's largest department store, Shinsegae Centum City. A few popular Korean movies and dramas were set in Busan in recent years which has boosted tourism from both international tourists and Koreans.

Gyeongju City

경주시 gyuhng-joo-shee

As the capital city during the Silla Kingdom for almost 1,000 years, Gyeongju is an incredibly important historical city. Most Korean people have been here at least once on a school field trip at some point. It is here where a vast number of archaeological sites and cultural artifacts from the Silla Kingdom remain.



Andong City

안동시 ahn-dong-shee

The most “Korean” city in all of Korea. Buildings, items, and certain aspects of ancient Korean culture from the Joseon Dynasty have been preserved here. The Hahoe Folk Village has 120 houses which are 300-500 years old, and is the most famous and one of the most frequented villages.

Namhae County

남해군 nah-meh-goon

Consists of 68 picturesque little islands. Most of the people live on the two biggest islands, Namhaedo and Changseondo. The southernmost part of Namhaedo is part of Hallyeohaesang National Marine Park, which was designated a national park in 1968.

Tongyeong City & Geoje island

통영시 tong-yuhng-shee 거제도 gaw-jeh-do

Tongyeong City is part of Hallyeohaesang National Marine Park, and there are many historical sites dedicated or related to the great Admiral Yi Sunsin. Geoje Island is the second biggest island after Jeju Island in Korea, and it is connected to Tongyeong City.

Oe Island

외도 weh-do

A private island that is also part of Hallyeohaesang National Marine Park and is located 4km away from Geoje island. You cannot spend the night on the island, so people visit during the day for the huge botanical garden.

Suncheon Bay in Suncheon City

순천시 순천만 soon-chawn-shee soon-chawn-mahn

An enormous field of reeds on the beach. If you visit in the summer, the reed beds are vibrant green, but they fade during autumn and into winter. Suncheon Bay is designated as a nature preservation district, giving visitors the opportunity to view some of the 200 plus types of birds, including 11 rare species.

Hanok Village in Jeonju City

전주시 한옥마을 jawn-joo-shee hah-nok-mah-eul

Designated as a Korean-style house (Hanok) preservation district with over 700 houses, some of which are still home to residents today. After it became a special tourist zone, however, many residents left the village, and more retail shops and restaurants have opened up.



Odong Island in Yeosu City

여수시 오동도 yuh-soo-shee o-dong-do

An tiny island which belongs to Hallyeohaesang National Marine Park. There were many “Odong” trees (Paulownia trees) on the island at one point, which is how it got its name. Currently, instead of Odong trees, there are nearly 200 rare species of other types of trees.

Bamboo Forest in Damyang County

담양군 죽녹원 dah-myahng-goon joong-no-gwon

160,000 square meters of bamboo to walk through and help alleviate stress.

Not only can you enjoy strolling through the bamboo forest, but there is a chance to eat daetong-bap (rice steamed in a bamboo container) and tteokgalbi (minced, seasoned, and grilled beef rib meat). The incredibly famous “Metasequoia Road” is also here.

Jeju Island

제주도 jeh-joo-do

With its warm climate, white sand beaches, a dormant volcano, natural waterfalls, and the Olle Walking Trails, Jeju Island has become the most popular holiday spot in Korea among international and domestic travelers.

Cultural tip: In Korea, you might come across some restrooms where you need to squat down, especially in old buildings or subway stations. At some rest stops on the highway, look at the signs on the door to see whether or not the toilet inside is western-style or squat.

1. At a bus terminal

One adult ticket and one children's ticket for Gwangju, please.

광주 어른 한 장, 어린이 한 장이요.

Gwahng-joo aw-reun hahn jahng, aw-ree-nee hahn jahng-ee-yo.

 You can replace Gwangju with your destination.



Paper/Ticket : 장

1 ticket	한 장	hahn jahng	6 tickets	여섯 장	yuh-sawt jjahng
2 tickets	두 장	doo jahng	7 tickets	일곱 장	eel-gop jjahng
3 tickets	세 장	seh jahng	8 tickets	여덟 장	yuh-dawl jjahng
4 tickets	네 장	neh jahng	9 tickets	아홉 장	ah-hop jjahng
5 tickets	다섯 장	dah-sawt jjahng	10 tickets	열 장	yuhl jjahng

2. At a train station



Related phrases:



Does this train go to Andong?

안동 가는 기차 맞아요?

Ahn-dong gah-neun gee-chah mah-jah-yo?



Where do I take the train bound for Andong?

안동 가는 기차 어디서 타는 거예요?

Ahn-dong gah-neun gee-chah aw-dee-saw tah-neun gaw-yeh-yo?

 You can replace Andong with your destination.

EMERGENCIES

Related phrases:



Excuse me.

저기요.

Jaw-gee-yo.



Please help me.

도와주세요.

Do-wah-joo-seh-yo.



Please call 119.

119 좀 불러 주세요.

Eel-leel-goo jom bool-law joo-seh-yo.



I don't speak Korean.

저는 한국말 못 해요.

Jaw-neun hahn-goong-mahl mo teh-yo.

1. At a hospital/pharmacy

Where does it hurt?
어디가 아파요?

My stomach hurts.
배 아파요.

Aw-dee-gah ah-pah-yo?

Beh ah-pah-yo.

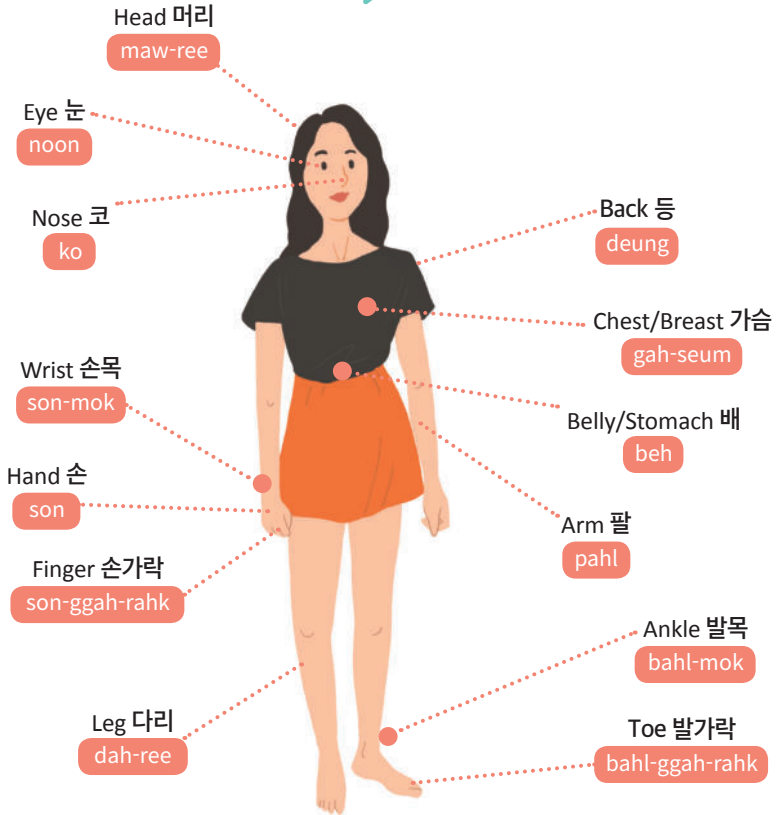


I hurt my leg.

다리 다쳤어요.

Dah-ree dah-chyuh-ssaw-yo.

Other possibilities:



[🔗](#) Please refer to page 136 for more body part terms.

Related phrase:



Multi-symptom cold/flu medicine, please.

종합감기약 주세요.

Jong-hahp-gahm-gee-yahk joo-seh-yo.

Other possibilities:



Cough medicine
기침약

gee-cheem-nyahk



Sinus cold medicine
코감기약

ko-gahm-gee yahk



Sore throat medicine
목감기약

mok-ggahm-gee yahk



Headache medicine
두통약

doo-tong-nyahk



Diarrhea medicine
설사약

sawl-ssah-yahk



Motion sickness medicine
멀미약

mawl-mee-yahk

2. At a lost/found or police office

My camera was stolen.

카메라 도둑 맞았어요.

Please fill out this form.

여기 서류 작성해 주세요.

Kah-meh-rah do-dook mah-jah-

ssaw-yo.

Yuh-gee saw-ryou jahk-ssawng-heh
joo-seh-yo.



Related phrases:



I've lost my bag.

가방 잃어버렸어요.

Gah-bahng ee-raw-baw-ryuh-ssaw-yo.



I left my cell phone (on the subway/bus/taxi).

핸드폰을 놓고 내렸어요.

hehn-deu-pon-eul no-ko neh-ryuh-ssaw-yo.

Other possibilities:



wallet
지갑

jee-gahp



money
돈

don



passport
여권

yuh-ggwon



sunglasses
선글라스

ssawn-geul-lah-sseu

MORE ABOUT
KOREAN LANGUAGE

1. Quick guide to 한글 (Hangeul)

The Korean writing system, Hangeul, is the only writing system in the world in which the name of its creator and founding date are known. King Sejong the Great, who was the fourth king of the Joseon Dynasty, developed Hangeul in the 15th century with the help of scholars from the royal research institute, Jiphyeonjeon. King Sejong despised using Hanja, or Chinese characters, to write in Korean, so he developed a system so that all people could read and write, not just those in higher social classes.

Hangeul, therefore, was invented for anyone to logically understand and easily learn by heart, without much effort to memorize. Some people say that it takes one day or even one hour for non-native speakers to master reading Hangeul. It is highly recommended you take some time to study Hangeul letters because once you have mastered it, you will be able to read any Korean word. So, let's get started!

In Hangeul, there are 24 basic letters and digraphs.

*digraph: pair of characters used to make one sound (phoneme)

Of the letters, 14 are consonants (자음) and five of them are doubled to form five tense consonants (쌍자음).

Consonants

	ㄱ	ㄴ	ㄷ	ㄹ	ㅁ	ㅂ	ㅅ	ㅇ	ㅈ	ㅊ	ㅋ	ㅌ	ㅍ	ㅎ
Basic	g/k	n	d/t	r/l	m	b/p	g/k	s	ng	j	k	t	p	h
	g/k	n	d/t	r/l	m	b/p	g/k	s/ɕ	ŋ	dʒ/tɕ	k/kʰ	t/tʰ	p/pʰ	h
Tense	ㄱ		ㄷ			ㅂ	ㅅ							
	kk k'		tt t'			pp p'	ss s'			jj c'				

When it comes to vowels (모음), there are 10 basic letters. 11 additional letters can be created by combining certain basic letters to make a total of 21 vowels. Of the vowels, eight are single pure vowels, also known as monophthongs (단모음), and 13 are diphthongs (이중모음), or two vowel sounds joined into one syllable which creates one sound.

* When saying a monophthong, you are producing one pure vowel with no tongue movement.

* When saying a diphthong, you are producing one sound by saying two vowels. Therefore, your tongue and mouth move quickly from one letter to another (glide or slide) to create a single sound.

Vowels

Monophthongs

ㅏ	ㅑ	ㅓ	ㅕ	ㅡ	ㅣ	ㅗ	ㅛ		
a	eo	o	u	eu	i	ae	e		
a/a:	ʌ/ɛ:	o/o:	u/u:	i/u:	i/i:	ɛ/ɛ:	e/e:		

Diphthongs

ㅟ	ㅠ	ㅢ	ㅣ			ㅝ	ㅞ		
ya	yeo	yo	yu			yae	ye		
ja	jʌ	jo	ju			jɛ	je		

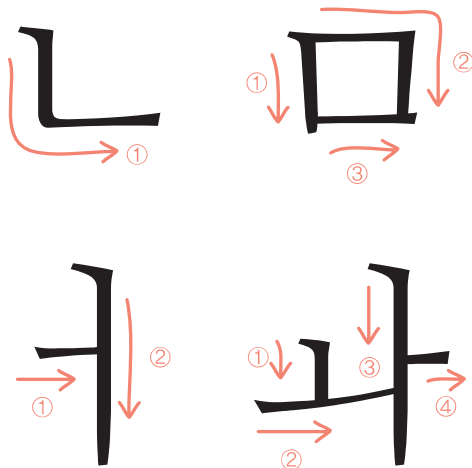
ㅘ	ㅙ					ㅜ	ㅠ		
wa	wo					wae	we		
wa	wʌ/wɛ:					wɛ	we		

							ㅚ	ㅜ	ㅟ
							oe	wi	ui
							we	wi	ii

* ㅚ and ㅜ were pronounced as single pure vowels (monophthongs) in the past; however, presently, these vowels are produced as two vowels gradually gliding into one another to create one sound (diphthong).

Writing 한글 letters

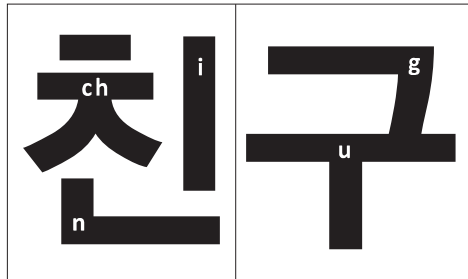
한글 is written top to bottom, left to right. For example:



By making sure you follow the stroke order rules, you will find that writing Korean is quite easy and other people will be able to better read your handwriting.

Syllable blocks

Each Korean syllable is written in a way that forms a block-like shape, with each letter inside the block forming a sound/syllable.



ㅌ + ㅣ + ㄴ (ch+i+n) = chin

ㄱ + ㅜ (g+u) = gu

친 (chin) + 구 (gu) = 친구 (chingu) = "friend"

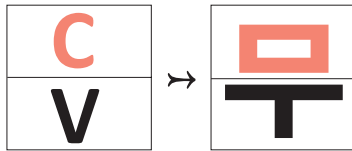
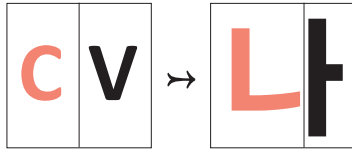
In each syllable block, there is a:

1. *Beginning consonant
2. *Middle vowel
3. Optional final consonant

*Required in a syllable block. A block **MUST** contain a minimum of two letters: 1 consonant and 1 vowel.

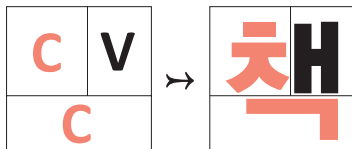
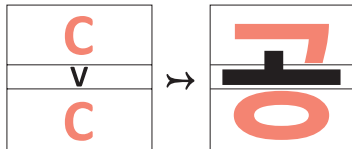
Two of the most common ways to write consonant and vowel combinations in Korean are horizontally and vertically (the boxes drawn here are for illustrative purpose only).

C Consonant
V Vowel

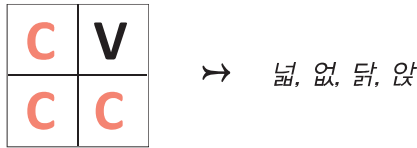


By adding a final consonant (받침), the blocks are modified:

C Consonant
V Vowel



There are also syllables which have two final consonants, such as:



*In all the syllable blocks, the letters are either compressed or stretched to keep the size relatively the same as the other letters.

Vowels

Since the “minimum two letter” rule exists and one letter has to be a consonant and the other has to be a vowel, what can you do when a vowel needs to be written in its own syllable block? Add the consonant ㅇ [ng] in front of or on top of the vowel. When reading a vowel, such as 아, the ㅇ makes no sound and you just pronounce the 아 [a].



*Vowels absolutely, cannot, under any circumstances be written by themselves!!

2. Numbers

0	영 / 공	yuhng / gong	26	이십육	ee-sheem-nyouk
1	일	eel	27	이십칠	ee-sheep-cheel
2	이	ee	28	이십팔	ee-sheep-pahl
3	삼	sahm	29	이십구	ee-sheep-goo
4	사	sah	30	삼십	sahm-sheep
5	오	o	31	삼십일	sahm-shee-beel
6	육	youk	32	삼십이	sahm-shee-bee
7	칠	cheel	33	삼십삼	sahm-sheep-sahm
8	팔	pahl	34	삼십사	sahm-sheep-sah
9	구	goo	35	삼십오	sahm-shee-bo
10	십	sheep	36	삼십육	sahm-sheem-nyouk
11	십일	shee-beel	37	삼십칠	sahm-sheep-cheel
12	십이	shee-bee	38	삼십팔	sahm-sheep-pahl
13	십삼	sheep-sahm	39	삼십구	sahm-sheep-goo
14	십사	sheep-sah	40	사십	sah-sheep
15	십오	shee-bo	41	사십일	sah-shee-beel
16	십육	sheem-nyouk	42	사십이	sah-shee-bee
17	십칠	sheep-cheel	43	사십삼	sah-sheep-sahm
18	십팔	sheep-pahl	44	사십사	sah-sheep-sah
19	십구	sheep-goo	45	사십오	sah-shee-bo
20	이십	ee-sheep	46	사십육	sah-sheem-nyouk
21	이십일	ee-shee-beel	47	사십칠	sah-sheep-cheel
22	이십이	ee-shee-bee	48	사십팔	sah-sheep-pahl
23	이십삼	ee-sheep-sahm	49	사십구	sah-sheep-goo
24	이십사	ee-sheep-sah	50	오십	o-sheep
25	이십오	ee-shee-bo			

51	오십일	o-shee-beel
52	오십이	o-shee-bee
53	오십삼	o-sheep-sahm
54	오십사	o-sheep-sah
55	오십오	o-shee-bo
56	오십육	o-sheem-nyouk
57	오십칠	o-sheep-cheel
58	오십팔	o-sheep-pahl
59	오십구	o-sheep-goo
60	육십	youk-sheep
61	육십일	youk-shee-beel
62	육십이	youk-shee-bee
63	육십삼	youk-sheep-sahm
64	육십사	youk-sheep-sah
65	육십오	youk-shee-bo
66	육십육	youk-sheem-nyouk
67	육십칠	youk-sheep-cheel
68	육십팔	youk-sheep-pahl
69	육십구	youk-sheep-goo
70	칠십	cheel-sheep
71	칠십일	cheel-shee-beel
72	칠십이	cheel-shee-bee
73	칠십삼	cheel-sheep-sahm
74	칠십사	cheel-sheep-sah
75	칠십오	cheel-shee-bo
76	칠십육	cheel-sheem-nyouk

77	칠십칠	cheel-sheep-cheel
78	칠십팔	cheel-sheep-pahl
79	칠십구	cheel-sheep-goo
80	팔십	pahl-sheep
81	팔십일	pahl-shee-beel
82	팔십이	pahl-shee-bee
83	팔십삼	pahl-sheep-sahm
84	팔십사	pahl-sheep-sah
85	팔십오	pahl-shee-bo
86	팔십육	pahl-sheem-nyouk
87	팔십칠	pahl-sheep-cheel
88	팔십팔	pahl-sheep-pahl
89	팔십구	pahl-sheep-goo
90	구십	goo-sheep
91	구십일	goo-shee-beel
92	구십이	goo-shee-bee
93	구십삼	goo-sheep-sahm
94	구십사	goo-sheep-sah
95	구십오	goo-shee-bo
96	구십육	goo-sheem-nyouk
97	구십칠	goo-sheep-cheel
98	구십팔	goo-sheep-pahl
99	구십구	goo-sheep-goo
100	백	behk
1000	천	chawn

If you know how to count up to 10, you can combine the numbers to form bigger numbers, starting with 11.

$$12 = 10 + 2 = \text{십} + \text{이}$$

= 십이 shee-bee

$$333 = 3 \times 100 + 3 \times 10 + 3 = \text{삼} \times \text{백} + \text{삼} \times \text{십} + \text{삼}$$

= 삼백삼십삼 sahm-behk-sahm-sheep-sahm

$$4977 = 4 \times 1000 + 9 \times 100 + 7 \times 10 + 7 = \text{사} \times \text{천} + \text{구} \times \text{백} + \text{칠} \times \text{십} + \text{칠}$$

= 사천구백칠십칠 sah-chawn-goo-behk-cheel-sheep-cheel

Months

January	1월	ee-rwol	July	7월	chee-rwol
February	2월	ee-wol	August	8월	pah-rwol
March	3월	sah-mwol	September	9월	goo-wol
April	4월	sah-wol	October	10월	shee-wol
May	5월	o-wol	November	11월	shee-bee-rwol
June	6월	you-wol	December	12월	shee-bee-wol

Days

1st (day of the month)	1일	ee-reel	17th (day of the month)	17일	sheep-chee-reel
2nd (day of the month)	2일	ee-eel	18th (day of the month)	18일	sheep-pah-reel
3rd (day of the month)	3일	sah-meel	19th (day of the month)	19일	sheep-goo-eel
4th (day of the month)	4일	sah-eel	20th (day of the month)	20일	ee-shee-beel
5th (day of the month)	5일	o-eel	21st (day of the month)	21일	ee-shee-bee-reel
6th (day of the month)	6일	you-geel	22nd (day of the month)	22일	ee-shee-bee-eel
7th (day of the month)	7일	chee-reel	23rd (day of the month)	23일	ee-sheep-sah-meel
8th (day of the month)	8일	pah-reel	24th (day of the month)	24일	ee-sheep-sah-eel
9th (day of the month)	9일	goo-eel	25th (day of the month)	25일	ee-shee-bo-eel
10th (day of the month)	10일	shee-beel	26th (day of the month)	26일	ee-sheem-nyou-geel
11th (day of the month)	11일	shee-bee-reel	27th (day of the month)	27일	ee-sheep-chee-reel
12th (day of the month)	12일	shee-bee-eel	28th (day of the month)	28일	ee-sheep-pah-reel
13th (day of the month)	13일	sheep-sah-meel	29th (day of the month)	29일	ee-sheep-goo-eel
14th (day of the month)	14일	sheep-sah-eel	30th (day of the month)	30일	sahm-shee-beel
15th (day of the month)	15일	shee-bo-eel	31st (day of the month)	31일	sahm-shee-bee-reel
16th (day of the month)	16일	sheem-nyou-geel			

Hours

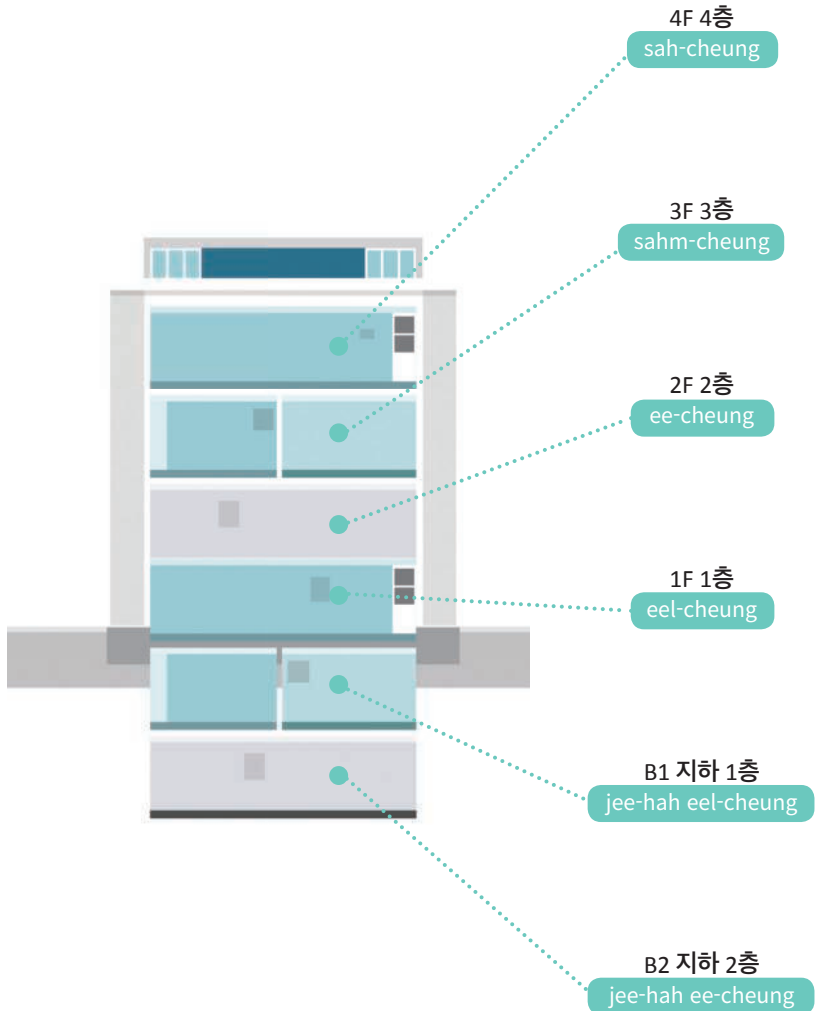
1 o'clock	한시	hahn shee
2 o'clock	두시	doo shee
3 o'clock	세시	seh shee
4 o'clock	네시	neh shee
5 o'clock	다섯시	dah-sawt shee
6 o'clock	여섯시	yuh-sawt shee
7 o'clock	일곱시	eel-gop shee
8 o'clock	여덟시	yuh-dawl shee
9 o'clock	아홉시	ah-hop shee
10 o'clock	열시	yuhl shee
11 o'clock	열한시	yuh-rahn shee
12 o'clock	열두시	yuhl-doo shee

Minutes

1 minute	일 분	eel boon	16 minutes	십육 분	sheem-nyouk bboon
2 minutes	이 분	ee boon	17 minutes	십칠 분	sheep-cheel boon
3 minutes	삼 분	sahm boon	18 minutes	십팔 분	sheep-pahl boon
4 minutes	사 분	sah boon	19 minutes	십구 분	sheep-goo boon
5 minutes	오 분	o boon	20 minutes	이십 분	ee-sheep bboon
6 minutes	육 분	youk bboon	21 minutes	이십일 분	ee-shee-beel boon
7 minutes	칠 분	cheel boon	22 minutes	이십이 분	ee-shee-bee boon
8 minutes	팔 분	pahl boon	23 minutes	이십삼 분	ee-sheep-sahm boon
9 minutes	구 분	goo boon	24 minutes	이십사 분	ee-sheep-sah boon
10 minutes	십 분	sheep bboon	25 minutes	이십오 분	ee-shee-bo boon
11 minutes	십일 분	shee-beel boon	26 minutes	이십육 분	ee-sheem- nyouk boon
12 minutes	십이 분	shee-bee boon	27 minutes	이십칠 분	ee-sheep-cheel boon
13 minutes	십삼 분	sheep-sahm boon	28 minutes	이십팔 분	ee-sheep-pahl boon
14 minutes	십사 분	sheep-sah boon	29 minutes	이십구 분	ee-sheep-goo boon
15 minutes	십오 분	shee-bo boon	30 minutes	삼십 분	sahm-sheep bboon

31 minutes	삼십일 분	sahm-shee-beel boon	46 minutes	사십육 분	sah-sheem-nyouk boon
32 minutes	삼십이 분	sahm-shee-bee boon	47 minutes	사십칠 분	sah-sheep-cheel boon
33 minutes	삼십삼 분	sahm-sheep-sahm boon	48 minutes	사십팔 분	sah-sheep-pahl boon
34 minutes	삼십사 분	sahm-sheep-sah boon	49 minutes	사십구 분	sah-sheep-goo boon
35 minutes	삼십오 분	sahm-shee-bo boon	50 minutes	오십 분	o-sheep bboon
36 minutes	삼십육 분	sahm-sheem-nyouk boon	51 minutes	오십일 분	o-shee-beel boon
37 minutes	삼십칠 분	sahm-sheep-cheel boon	52 minutes	오십이 분	o-shee-bee boon
38 minutes	삼십팔 분	sahm-sheep-pahl boon	53 minutes	오십삼 분	o-sheep-sahm boon
39 minutes	삼십구 분	sahm-sheep-goo boon	54 minutes	오십사 분	o-sheep-sah boon
40 minutes	사십 분	sah-sheep bboon	55 minutes	오십오 분	o-shee-bo boon
41 minutes	사십일 분	sah-shee-beel boon	56 minutes	오십육 분	o-sheem-nyouk boon
42 minutes	사십이 분	sah-shee-bee boon	57 minutes	오십칠 분	o-sheep-cheel boon
43 minutes	사십삼 분	sah-sheep-sahm boon	58 minutes	오십팔 분	o-sheep-pahl boon
44 minutes	사십사 분	sah-sheep-sah boon	59 minutes	오십구 분	o-sheep-goo boon
45 minutes	사십오 분	sah-shee-bo boon	60 minutes	육십 분	youk-sheep bboon

Building floor numbers



Counters

Objects: 개

1 item	한 개	hahn geh	6 items	여섯 개	yuh-sawt ggeh
2 items	두 개	doo geh	7 items	일곱 개	eel-gop ggeh
3 items	세 개	seh geh	8 items	여덟 개	yuh-dawl ggeh
4 items	네 개	neh geh	9 items	아홉 개	ah-hop ggeh
5 items	다섯 개	dah-sawt ggeh	10 items	열 개	yul ggeh

People: 명

1 person	한 명	hahn myuhng	6 people	여섯 명	yuh-sawn myuhng
2 people	두 명	doo myuhng	7 people	일곱 명	eel-gom myuhng
3 people	세 명	seh myuhng	8 people	여덟 명	yuh-dawl myuhng
4 people	네 명	neh myuhng	9 people	아홉 명	ah-hom myuhng
5 people	다섯 명	dah-sawn myuhng	10 people	열 명	yul myuhng

Food servings: 인분

One serving	1인분	ee-reen-boon	Six servings	6인분	you-geen-boon
Two servings	2인분	ee-een-boon	Seven servings	7인분	chee-reen-boon
Three servings	3인분	sa-meen-boon	Eight servings	8인분	pah-reen-boon
Four servings	4인분	sah-een-boon	Nine servings	9인분	goo-een-boon
Five servings	5인분	o-een-boon	Ten servings	10인분	shee-been-boon

Papers/Tickets : 장

1 ticket	한 장	hahn jahng	6 tickets	여섯 장	yuh-sawt jjahng
2 tickets	두 장	doo jahng	7 tickets	일곱 장	eel-gop jjahng
3 tickets	세 장	seh jahng	8 tickets	여덟 장	yuh-dawl jjahng
4 tickets	네 장	neh jahng	9 tickets	아홉 장	ah-hop jjahng
5 tickets	다섯 장	dah-sawt jjahng	10 tickets	열 장	yul jjahng

Korean Money 원

Coins



10원 / 십원

sheeb won



50원 / 오십원

o-sheeb won



100원 / 백원

beg won



500원 / 오백원

o-beg won

Bills



1,000원 / 천원

chawn won



5,000원 / 오천원

o-chawn won



10,000원 / 만원

mahn won



50,000원 / 오만원

o-mahn won

3. Directions



This way
이쪽
ee-jjok



That way over there
저쪽
jaw-jjok



That way (where you are)
그쪽
geu-jjok



Left
왼쪽
wehn-jjok



Right
오른쪽
o-reun-jjok



Left turn
좌회전
jwah-hweh-jawn



Go straight
직진
jeek-jeen



Right turn
우회전
woo-hweh-jawn

4. Subway station names

You can refer to the following guide if you would like to know how to pronounce a certain subway station name in the Seoul/Gyeonggi area. The list of stations are in order from north to south. If you would like to say “station”, you can just attach 역 [yuhk] after the station name.

The Seoul/Gyeonggi subway system is very convenient, but it can be confusing for first-time users. If you download any Seoul subway application on your smartphone and enter your departure station and arrival station, it will kindly let you know the shortest way to your destination. If you don't carry around a smartphone, you can acquire a subway map from any information center, hotel, guest house, or at the airport.

When you transfer from one line to another, or when the subway line you would like to take is going in more than two directions, pay attention to the next station as well as the final station in order to make sure you are traveling in the right direction. The subway announcement will say the last station name and 행. For example, if you take line 4 going towards 오이도행 from Seoul Station, the train will go until 오이도역 (which is the end of line 4). However, if you take the same line but going towards 사당행, the train will only go to 사당역 then stop. If you want to go further in the same direction, you will need to get off at 사당역 and take the next train at the same platform.



1호선 ee-ro-sawn Line 1





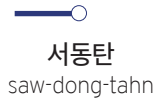
1호선 인천행 ee-ro-sawn een-chaw-nehng **Bound for Incheon**



1호선 광명행 ee-ro-sawn gwahng-myuhng-hehng **Bound for Gwangmyeong**



1호선 서동탄행 ee-ro-sawn saw-dong-tah-nehng **Bound for Seodongtan**





1호선 신창행 ee-ro-sawn sheen-chahng-hehng **Bound for Sinchang**

가산디지털단지 gah-sahn-dee- jee-tawl-dahn- jee	독산 dok-ssahn	금천구청 geum-chawn- goo-chawng	석수 sawk-soo	관악 gwah-nahk	안양 ah-nyahng
명학 myuhng-hahk	금정 geum-jawng	군포 goon-po	당정 dahng-jawng	의왕 eu-wahng	성균관대 sawng- gyoun- gwahn-deh
화서 hwah-saw	수원 soo-won	세류 seh-ryou	병점 byuhng- jjawm	세마 seh-mah	오산대 o-sahn-deh
오산 o-sahn	진위 jee-nwee	송탄 song-tahn	서정리 saw-jawng- nee	지제 jee-jeh	평택 pyuhng-tehk
성환 sawng-hwahn	직산 jeek-ssahn	두정 doo-jawng	천안 chaw-nahn	봉명 bong-myuhng	
쌍용(나사렛대) ssahng- yong(nah-sah- reht-ddeh)	아산 ah-sahn	배방 beh-bahng	온양온천 o-nyahng-on- chawn	신창(순천향대) sheen-chahng(soon- chaw-nyahng-deh)	



2호선 ee-ho-sawn Line 2



총정로 choong-jawng-no	시청 shee-chawng	을지로입구 eul-jjee-ro-eep-ggoo	을지로3가 eul-jjee-ro-sahm-gah
을지로4가 eul-jjee-ro-sah-gah	동대문역사문화공원 dong-deh-moon-yuhk-ssah-moo-nwah-gong-won	신당 sheen-dahng	
상왕십리 sahng-wahng-sheem-nee	왕십리 wahng-sheem-nee	한양대 hah-nyahng-deh	독섬 ddook-ssawm



2호선 까치산행 ee-ho-sawn gga-chee-sah-nehng **Bound for Kkachisan**

도림천 do-reem-chawn	양천구청 yahng-chawn-goo-chawng	신정네거리 sheen-jawng-neh-gaw-ree	까치산 gгах-chee-sahn
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3호선 sah-mo-sawn Line 3

대화
deh-hwah

주엽
joo-yuhp

정발산
jawng-bahl-
ssahn

마두
mah-doo

백석
behk-ssawk

대곡
deh-gok

화정
hwah-jawng

원당
won-dahng

원흥
wo-neung

삼송
sahm-song

지축
jee-chook

구파발
goo-pah-bahl

연신내
yuhn-sheen-neh

불광
bool-gwahng

녹번
nok-bbawn

홍제
hong-jeh

무악재
moo-ahk-jjeh

독립문
dong-neem-
moon

경복궁
gyuhng-bok-
ggoong

안국
ahn-gook

종로3가
jong-no-sahm-
gah

을지로3가
eul-jjee-ro-
sahm-gah

충무로
choong-moo-ro

동대입구
dong-day-ee-
ggoo

약수
yahk-ssoo

금호
geu-mo

옥수
ok-ssoo

압구정
ahp-ggoo-jawng

신사
sheen-sah

잠원
jah-mwon

고속터미널
go-sok-taw-
mee-nawl

교대
gyo-deh

남부터미널
nahm-boo-taw-
mee-nawl

양재
yahng-jeh

매봉
meh-bong

도곡
do-gok

대치
deh-chee

학여울
hahng-nyuh-
wool

대청
deh-chawng

일원
ee-rwon

수서
soo-saw

가락시장
gah-rahk-shee-
jahng

경찰병원
gyuhng-chahl-byuhng-won

오금
o-geum



4호선 sah-ho-sawn **Line 4**

당고개
dahng-go-geh

상계
sahng-gyeh

노원
no-won

창동
chahng-dong

쌍문
ssahng-moon

수유(강북구청)
soo-you(gahng-
book-goo-
chawng)

미아
mee-ah

미아사거리
mee-ah-sah-
gaw-ree

길음
gee-reum

성신여대입구
sawng-sheen-
nyuh-day-ee-p-
ggoo

한성대입구
hahn-sawng-
day-ee-p-ggoo

혜화
heh-hwah

동대문
dong-deh-moon

동대문역사문화
공원
dong-deh-
moon-yuhk-
ssah-moo-nwah-
gong-won

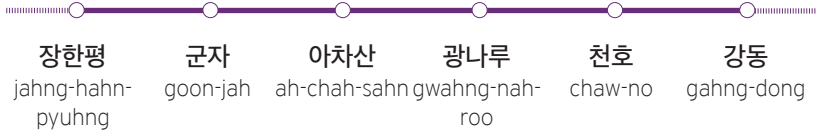
충무로
choong-moo-ro

명동 myuhng-dong	회현 hweh-hyuhn	서울역 saw-wool-lyuhk	숙대입구 sook-day-eep-ggoo	삼각지 sahm-gahk-jjee
신용산 shee-nyong-sahn	이촌 ee-chon	동작 dong-jahk	총신대입구(이수) chong-sheen-day-eep-ggoo(ee-soo)	
사당 sah-dahng	남태령 nahm-teh-lyuhng	선바위 sawn-bah-wee	경마공원 gyuhng-mah-gong-won	대공원 deh-gong-won
과천 gwah-chawn	정부과천청사 jawng-boo-gwah-chawn-chawng-sah		인덕원 een-daw-gwon	평촌 pyuhng-chon
범계 bawm-gyeh	금정 geum-jawng	산본 sahn-bon	수리산 soo-ree-sahn	대야미 deh-yah-mee
반월 bah-nwol	상록수 sahng-nok-soo	한대앞 hahn-deh-ahp	중앙 joong-ahng	고잔 go-jahn
초지 cho-jee	안산 ahn-sahn	신길온천 sheen-gee-ron-chawn	정왕 jawng-wahng	오이도 o-ee-do



5호선 o-ho-sawn Line 5





5호선 상일동행

o-ho-sawn sahng-eel-ddong-hehng

Bound for Sangil-dong



5호선 마천행

o-ho-sawn mah-chaw-nehng

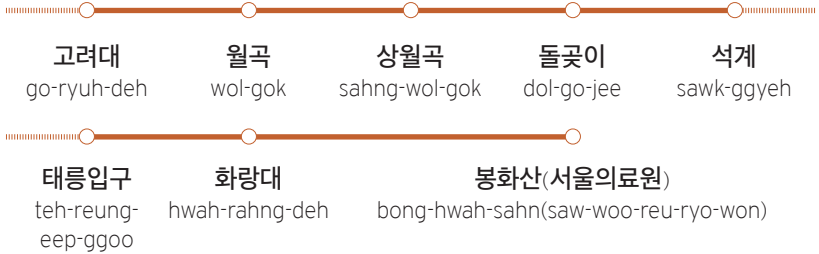
Bound for Macheon





6호선 you-ko-sawn Line 6





7호선 chee-ro-sawn **Line 7**



청담 chawng-dahm 강남구청 gahng-nahm-goo-chawng 학동 hahk-ddong 논현 no-nyuhn 반포 bahn-po

고속터미널 go-sok-taw-mee-nawl 내방 neh-bahng 총신대입구(이수) chong-sheen-day-eep-ggoo(ee-soo) 남성 nahm-sawng 송실대입구 soong-sheel-day-eep-ggoo

상도 sahng-do 장승배기 jahng-seung-beh-gee 신대방삼거리 sheen-deh-bahng-sahm-gaw-ree 보라매 bo-rah-meh 신풍 sheen-poong

대림 deh-reem 남구로 nahm-goo-ro 가산디지털단지 gah-sahn-dee-jee-tawl-dahn-jee 철산 chawl-ssahn

광명사거리 gwahng-myuhng-sah-gaw-ree 천왕 chaw-nwahng 온수 on-soo 까치울 ggah-chee-wool

부천종합운동장 boo-chawn-jong-hah-boon-dong-jahng 춘의 choo-nee 신중동 sheen-joong-dong 부천시청 boo-chawn-shee-chawng

상동 sahng-dong 삼산체육관 sah-m-sahn-cheh-youk-ggwahn 굴포천 gool-po-chawn 부평구청 boo-pyuhng-goo-chawng



8호선 pah-ro-sawn Line 8

○ ————— ○ ————— ○ ————— ○ —————

암사 ahm-sah	천호 chaw-no	강동구청 gahng-dong-goo- chawng	몽촌토성 mong-chon-to- sawng
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————— ○ ————— ○ ————— ○ —————

잠실 jahm-sheel	석촌 sawk-chon	송파 song-pah	가락시장 gah-rahk-shee- jahng
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————— ○ ————— ○ ————— ○ —————

문정 moon-jawng	장지 jahng-jee	복정 bok-jjawng	산성 sahn-sawng
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————— ○ ————— ○ ————— ○ —————

남한산성입구 nah-mahn-sahn-sawng- eep-ggoo	단대오거리 dahn-deh-o-gaw- ree	신흥 shee-neung
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————— ○ ————— ○ —————

수진 soo-jeen	모란 mo-rahn
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9호선 goo-ho-sawn Line 9

개화
geh-hwah

김포공항
geem-po-gong-
hahng

공항시장
gong-hahng-
shee-jahng

신방화
sheen-bahng-
hwah

마곡나루
mah-gong-nah-
roo

양천향교
yahng-chaw-
nyahng-gyo

가양
gah-yahng

증미
jeung-mee

등촌
deung-chon

염창
yuhm-chahng

신목동
sheen-mok-
ddong

신유도
saw-nyou-do

당산
dahng-sahn

국회의사당
goo-kweh-eu-
sah-dahng

여의도
yuh-ee-do

셋강
seht-ggahng

노량진
no-ryahng-jeen

노들
no-deul

흑석
heuk-ssawk

동작
dong-jahk

구반포
goo-bahn-po

신반포
sheen-bahn-po

고속터미널
go-sok-taw-
mee-nawl

사평
sah-pyuhng

신논현
sheen-no-nyuhn

언주
awn-joo

선정릉
sawn-jawng-
neung

삼성중앙
sahm-sawng-
joong-ahng

봉은사
bong-eun-sah

종합운동장
jong-hah-boon-
dong-jahng



인천 1호선 een-chawn ee-ro-sawn Incheon Subway Line 1

● ● ● ● ●
계양 **굴현** **박촌** **임학** **계산**
 gyeh-yahng gyou-ryuhn bahk-chon ee-mahk gyeh-sahn

● ● ● ● ●
경인교대입구 **작전** **갈산** **부평구청** **부평시장**
 gyuhng-een-gyo-day-eeep-ggoo jahk-jiawn gahl-ssahn boo-pyuhng-goo-chawng boo-pyuhng-shee-jahng

● ● ● ● ●
부평 **동수** **부평삼거리** **간석오거리** **인천시청**
 boo-pyuhng dong-soo boo-pyuhng-sahm-gaw-ree gahn-saw-go-gaw-ree een-chawn-shee-chawng

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예술회관 **인천터미널** **문학경기장** **선학** **신연수**
 yeh-soo-rweh-gwahn een-chawn-taw-mee-nawl moo-nahk-gyuhng-gee-jahng saw-nahk shee-nyuhn-soo

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원인재 **동춘** **동막** **캠퍼스타운** **테크노파크**
 wo-noon-jeh dong-choon dong-mahk kehm-paw-sseu-tah-woon teh-keu-no-pah-keu

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지식정보단지 **인천대입구** **센트럴파크** **국제업무지구**
 jee-sheek-jawng-bo-dahn-jee een-chawn-day-eeep-ggoo ssehn-teu-rawl-pah-keu gook-jjeh-awm-moo-jee-goo



인천 2호선 een-chawn ee-ho-sawn Incheon Subway Line 2

검단오류 gawm-dah-no-ryou
 왕길 wahng-geel
 검단사거리 gawm-dahn-sah-gaw-ree
 마전 mah-jawn
 완정 wahn-jawng

독정 dok-jjawng
 검암 gaw-mahm
 검바위 gawm-bah-wee
아시아드경기장 ah-shee-ah-deu-gyuhng-gee-jahng

서구청 saw-goo-chawng
가정 gah-jawng
가정중앙시장 gah-jawng-joong-ahng-shee-jahng
석남 sawg-nahm

서부여성회관 saw-boo-yuh-sawng-hweh-gwahn
인천가좌 een-chawn-gah-jwah
가재울 gah-jeh-wool
주안국가산단 joo-ahn-gook-ggah-sahn-dahn

주안 joo-ahn
시민공원 shee-meen-gong-won
석바위시장 sawk-bbah-wee-shee-jahng
인천시청 een-chawn-shee-chawng
석천사거리 sawk-chawn-sah-gaw-ree

모래내시장 mo-reh-neh-shee-jahng
만수 mahn-soo
남동구청 nahm-dong-goo-chawng
인천대공원 een-chawn-deh-gong-won
운연 woo-nyuhn



분당선 boon-dahng-sawn **Bundang Line**





신분당선 sheen-boon-dahng-sawn **Sinbundang Line**

강남
gahng-nahm

양재
yahng-jeh

양재시민의숲
yahng-jeh-shee-
mee-neu-soop

청계산입구
chawng-gyeh-sah-
neep-ggoo

판교
pahn-gyo

정자
jawng-jah

동천
dong-chawn

수지구청
soo-jee-goo-chawng

성북
sawng-bok

상현
sahng-hyuhn

광교중앙
gwahng-gyo-joong-
ahng

광교
gwahng-gyo



경의중앙선 gyuhng-ee-joong-ahng-sawn **Gyeongui-Jungang Line**

문산
moon-sahn

파주
pah-joo

월릉
wol-long

금촌
geum-chon

금릉
geum-neung

운정
woon-jawng

야당
yah-dahng

탄현
tah-nyuhn

일산
eel-ssahn

풍산
poong-sahn

백마
behng-mah

곡산
gok-ssahn

대곡
deh-gok

능곡
neung-gok

행신
hehng-sheen

강매
gahng-meh

화전
hwah-jawn

수색
soo-sehk

디지털미디어시티
dee-jee-tawl-mee-dee-aw-see-
tee

가좌
gah-jwah

홍대입구
hong-day-eep-ggoo

서강대
saw-gahng-deh

공덕
gong-dawk

효창공원앞
hyo-chahng-gong-wo-nahp

용산
yong-sahn

이촌
ee-chon

서빙고
saw-beeng-go

한남
hahn-nahm

옥수
ok-ssoo

응봉
eung-bong

왕십리
wahng-sheem-
nee

청량리
chawng-
nyahng-nee

회기
hweh-gee

중랑
joong-nahng

상봉
sahng-bong

망우
mahng-woo

양원
yahng-won

구리
goo-ree

도농
do-nong

양정
yahng-jawng

덕소
dawk-ssoo

도심
do-sheem

팔당
pahl-ddahng

운길산
woon-geel-
ssahn

양수
yahng-soo

신원
shee-nwon

국수
gook-ssoo

아신
ah-sheem

오빈
o-beem

양평
yahng-pyuhng

원덕
won-dawk

용문
yong-moon



경의중앙선 서울역행 gyuhng-ee-joong-ahng-sawn saw-wool-lyuh-kehng
Bound for Seoul Station



경춘선 gyuhng-choon-sawn **Gyeongchun Line**





공항철도 gong-hahng-chawl-ddo **Airport Railroad Express (AREX)**



수인선 soo-een-sawn **Suin Line**





의정부경전철 eu-jawng-boo gyuhng-jawn-chawl **U Line**

탑석
tahp-ssawk

송산
song-sahn

어룡
aw-ryong

곤제
gon-jeh

효자
hyo-jah

경기도청북부청사
gyuhng-gee-do-chawng-book-bboo-chawng-sah

새말
seh-mahl

동오
dong-o

의정부중앙
eu-jawng-boo-joong-ahng

흥선
heung-sawn

의정부시청
eu-jawng-boo-shee-chawng

경전철의정부
gyuhng-jawn-chaw-reu-jawng-boo

범골
bawm-gol

회룡
hweh-ryong

발곡
bahl-gok



에버라인선 eh-baw-lah-een-sawn **Ever Line**

기흥 강남대 지석 어정 동백
gee-heung gahng-nahm- jee-sawk aw-jawng dong-behk
deh

초당 삼가 시청/용인대 명지대 김량장
cho-dahng sahm-gah shee-chawng/ myuhng-jee- geem-nyahng-
yong-een-deh deh jahng

운동장/송담대 고진 보평 둔전 전대/에버랜드
woon-dong- go-jeen bo-pyuhng doon-jawn jawn-deh/eh-
jahng/song- dahm-deh baw-lehn-deu



경강선 gyuhng-gahng-sawn **Gyeong Gang Line**

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판교 pahn-gyo 이매 ee-meh 삼동 sahm-dong 경기광주 gyuhng-gee-gwahng-joo

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초월 cho-wol 곤지암 gon-jee-ahm 신둔도예촌 sheen-doon-do-yeh-chon 이천 ee-chawn

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부발 boo-bahl 세종대왕릉 seh-jong-deh-wahng-neung 여주 yuh-joo